ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

<u>June 30, 2024</u>

CITY OF SHELTON, CONNECTICUT JUNE 30, 2024

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Aldermen City of Shelton, Connecticut Shelton, CT 06484

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Shelton, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Shelton, Connecticut's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Shelton, Connecticut as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in the financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Shelton, Connecticut and to meet our ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, which raise substantial doubt about the City of Shelton, Connecticut's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we;

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Shelton, Connecticut's internal control. Accordingly, no
 such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events considered in aggregate, which raise substantial doubt about the City of Shelton, Connecticut's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the *management's discussion and analysis* on pages 4a through 4g and the required supplemental information on pages 51-54, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who consider it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Shelton, Connecticut's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, the schedule of property taxes levied, collected and outstanding, and the schedule of debt limitation, are presented for the purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 31, 2025 reporting on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Shelton, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Shelton, Connecticut's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CLERMONT & ASSOCIATES LLC

VenuA & Assiciatio, CCC

Waterbury, Connecticut

January 31, 2025

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2024

This discussion and analysis of the City of Shelton, Connecticut's, (the City), financial performance is provided by management to provide an overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. Please read this MD&A in conjunction with the City's financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- The net position of our governmental activities decreased by \$8.5 million.
- The net position of our business-type activities decreased by \$755 thousand.
- The General Fund reported a fund balance this year of \$2.2 million;
 \$3.0 million less than the General Fund balance reported in the prior year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (Exhibits A and B, respectively) provide information about the activities of the City as a whole and present a longer-term view of the City's finances. Fund financial statements are presented in Exhibits C and D. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the City's most significant funds. In addition, the City maintains the Water Pollution Control Authority as a proprietary fund (Exhibit G, H, and I). The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the City acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The analysis of the City as a whole begins on Exhibits A and B. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities reports information about the City as a whole and about its activities for the current period. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the City's net position and changes within them. The City's net position, the difference between assets and liabilities, is one way to measure the City's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the City's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The reader needs to consider other nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the City's property tax base and the condition of the City's capital assets, to assess the overall health of the City.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the City reports its activities as follows:

- Governmental activities The City's basic services are reported here, including general
 government, public safety, community services, public works, education, public library, and
 municipal facilities. Property taxes, charges for services and state and federal grants
 finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities The Water Pollution Control Authority's activity is reported here.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin with Exhibit C and provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by Charter. However, the Board of Aldermen establishes many other funds to help control and manage financial activities for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using grants and other money (like grants received for education from the State and Federal governments). The City's funds are divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

- Governmental funds (Exhibits C and D) Most of the City's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the City's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the City's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation at the bottom of the fund financial statements.
- Proprietary funds (Exhibits G, H, and I) When the City charges customers for the services
 it provides, whether to outside customers or to other units of the City, these services are
 generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that
 all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.
 Internal service funds (the component of proprietary funds) are used to report activities that
 provide supplies and services for the City's other programs and activities, such as the City's
 Worker's Compensation Internal Service Fund.
- Fiduciary funds (Exhibits J and K) The City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its employees' pension plans. All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net assets and changes in fiduciary net position. These activities are excluded from the City's other financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The analysis below focuses on the net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) of the City's governmental activities and business-type activities. The City's net position for governmental activities decreased \$2.4 million from \$184.1million in 2022 to \$181.7 million in 2024. The majority of this decrease was attributed to the use of prior years surpluses in the general fund.

The City's net position for the business-type activities decreased \$143 thousand for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, which was due to depreciation expense. The net position was \$31.9 million at June 30, 2024.

TABLE 1 - NET POSITION

Unrestricted

Total net position

		Governi Activi	
	_	2024	2023
Current and other assets	\$	19,698,906	25,342,490
Capital assets	·	201,688,809	202,865,585
Deferred outflows		6,537,446	6,360,453
Total assets & deferred outflows	\$_	27,925,161	234,568,528
Current and other liabilities	\$	9,398,435	12,581,752
Deferred inflows		4,584,498	5,345,619
Long-term liabilities		40,768,783	34,928,306
Total liabilities & deferred	_		
inflows	\$	54,751,716	52,855,677
Net position:			
Investment in capital assets	\$	190,600,531	192,450,874
Restricted	•	5,048,461	5,202,527
Unrestricted		(22,475,547)	(15,940,550)
Total net position	\$	173,173,445	181,712,851
		Busines Activi	
	_	2024	2023
Current and other assets	\$	2,988,039	5,672,213
Capital assets	~	33,305,138	34,909,008
Total assets	\$	36,293,177	40,581,221
	· -	, ,	, ,
Current and other liabilities	\$	638,013	3,121,633
Long-term liabilities		4,489,627	5,539,446
Total liabilities	\$	5,127,640	8,661,079
Net position: Investment in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	28,815,511	29,369,562
or rolated door	Ψ		25,555,662

2,350,026

31,165,537

2,550,580

31,920,142

TABLE 2 - CHANGE IN NET ASSETS

ABLE 2 - CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		Governmental Activities		
	_	2024	2023	
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	6,476,780	5,258,193	
Operating grants and contributions		28,723,191	34,323,431	
Capital grants and contributions General revenues:		3,865,149	6,846,473	
Property taxes Grants and contributions not restricted to		107,333,035	106,875,354	
specific purposes		825,813	1,518,198	
Unrestricted investment earnings		2,334,062	2,283,990	
Other general revenues (and transfers)		45,628	(93,347)	
Total revenues	\$ _	149,603,658	157,012,292	
Program expenses:				
General government	\$	18,972,183	18,493,498	
Public safety		11,811,314	14,899,775	
Public works		11,920,878	14,168,297	
Health and welfare		332,223	1,390,299	
Culture and recreation		4,583,471	4,716,203	
Education		110,239,030	105,570,929	
Interest and fiscal charges	_	283,965	160,960	
Total program expenses	\$_	158,143,064	159,399,961	
(Decrease) increase in net position	\$ _	(8,539,406)	(2,387,669)	
		Busine: Activ	-	
	=	2024	2023	
Povonuos	-	2024	2023	
Revenues:				
Operating revenues: Charges for services	\$	3,324,844	3,282,257	
Non-operating revenues: Capital contributions				
Other general revenues (and transfers)		1,151,019	1,151,019	
Total revenues	\$	4,475,863	4,433,276	
Operating expenses:	Φ.	4 40 4 400	4 4 4 0 0 0 0	
Salaries and benefits	\$	1,424,189	1,140,867	
Materials and supplies		142,497	119,912	
Utilities		430,586	356,390	
Depreciation		1,603,870	1,603,869	
Administration		1,528,126	1,233,900	
Interest and fiscal charges		101,200	121,519	
Total expenses	\$_	5,230,468	4,576,457	
(Decrease) increase in net position	\$ _	(754,605)	(143,181)	

City Funds Financial Analysis

Governmental Funds

As the City completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet - Exhibit C) reported a combined fund balance of \$9.5 million, which is a \$151 thousand decrease from the previous year. Included in this year's total includes a decrease of \$2.3 million in general fund balance is a increase of \$2.6 million in the City's Capital projects and a \$2.9 million in the City's increase in Other Governmental Funds.

The General Fund deficit was a result of higher than anticipated healthcare and special education costs. These deficits were netted against the better-than-expected investment income to produce a \$3.6 million operating deficit on a budgetary basis. \$1.9 million was committed by the alderman to settle outstanding litigation and \$311 thousand remained in unassigned fund balance.

Proprietary Funds

The City reports the Water Pollution Control Authority as a proprietary fund (Exhibit G, H, and I). Under this presentation, the loss was \$755 thousand as the W.P.C.A. builds capital for future capital projects, \$201 thousand loss from operations (before depreciation and interest). The loss as the result of included operating costs.

The Internal Service Fund recorded a deficit in net fund position. Operating expenses were over the operating revenues by \$1.9 Million. Management is aware of the accumulated net deficits in the workers' compensation and medical self-insurance funds and has a long-term financing plan to fund this through growing employer contributions, reducing the worker's compensation expenses and reorganizing the funding structure. The loss was attributed to the accrued expenses in reserves due to the increase in medical expenses.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Exhibit F shows the summary information of budget to actual revenues, expenditures, and changes in undesignated, unreserved fund balance (funds available to be appropriated).

- Investment income was more than expected due to the interest rate increase.
- Charges for services were more than expected as new construction continues within the City.
- The medical expenses and educational expenses increased, which were funded by savings in the City departments as well as prior year surpluses. This was a two year trend and management of the City and Board of Education have made adjustments to lower the expenditures in these areas as well as increased future budgets fund the budget deficit.

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2024, the City's governmental activities had \$203 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, park facilities, vehicles and equipment, roads, bridges, and water and sewer lines. In separating the Water Pollution Control Authority from the government funds, \$37.1 million in capital assets, which mainly includes sewers and the newly constructed facility. The City's total amount represents a net decrease (including additions and deductions) of \$5.5 million, net of depreciation expenses. The construction in progress includes a school construction program and a bridge program.

TABLE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS (Net of Depreciation)

	Governme	ental		
	Activities			
	 2024	2023		
Land	\$ 37,862,466	36,998,480		
Buildings and improvements	111,921,285	112,865,201		
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	7,956,716	7,839,491		
Infrastructure	43,948,342	41,129,356		
Construction in progress	<u>-</u> _	4,033,057		
Totals	\$ 201,688,809	202,865,585		
	Business-	type		
	Activitie	es		
	 2024	2023		
Buildings and improvements	\$ 10,497,793	12,084,353		
Infrastructure	22,344,676	22,361,986		
Construction in progress	462,669	462,669		
Totals	\$ 33,305,138	34,909,008		

The City continues to support economic development through state programs and the improvement of lands and roads as well as balancing this growth with a substantial investment in open space. In the June 30, 2024, fiscal year, the City invested \$863,986 into land purchases for these programs.

TABLE 4 - OUTSTANDING DEBT

Long-Term Liabilities

At June 30, 2024, the City had \$45.3 million in long term liabilities versus \$41.2 million last year, a increase of 10.0%, as shown in Table 4.

TABLE 4

		2024	2023
Debt obligations	\$	15,577,905	16,718,290
Other long-term liabilities		29,680,505	24,513,595
Total long-term liabilities	\$ _	45,258,410	41,231,885

General obligation bonds and banknotes increased by \$674 thousand as the City uses the General Fund surplus and intergovernmental grants to fund major capital projects to maintain the outstanding debt. Included in the business-type activities is \$4.5 million in notes payable, which was the State of Connecticut's Clean Water Notes for the construction of the new water pollution control facilities.

Other obligations include accrued vacation pay and sick leave and the state administered pension plan for the police. The claims and judgement incurred the largest increase of \$4.9 million. More detailed information about the City's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 8 to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The City's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2024-2025 budget tax rates. One of those factors is the economy and the benefits of continual development within the City.

These indicators along with a projected modest inflationary increase were considered when adopting the General Fund budget for 2024-2025.

Contacting the City's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Director of Finance, City of Shelton, 54 Hill Street, Shelton, Connecticut, 06484.

	_	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total*
Assets:	•	40,000,454		40,000,454
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,260,154		10,260,154
Investments		5,984,812	00.705	5,984,812
Receivables, net		6,223,464	99,785	6,323,249
Prepaid assets		5,950		5,950
Inventory Internal balances		111,281	2 000 254	111,281
Due from agency funds		(2,888,254) 1.499	2,888,254	1,499
Capital assets:		1,499		1,499
Capital assets, not being depreciated		37,862,466	462,669	38,325,135
Capital assets, hot being depreciated Capital assets, being depreciated, net		163,826,343	32,842,469	196,668,812
Total assets	\$ —	221,387,715	36,293,177	257,680,892
10141 455615	Ψ_	221,007,710	30,233,177	201,000,032
Deferred outflows of resources:				
Deferred pension expense	\$	6,537,446	_	6,537,446
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ –	6.537.446		6,537,446
	* –	3,007,110		
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	\$	3,092,967	471,544	3,564,511
Accrued interest		130,720		130,720
Claims incurred, but not reported		3,773,129		3,773,129
Unearned revenue		2,401,619	166,469	2,568,088
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Due within one year		3,358,786	1,071,009	4,429,795
Due in more than one year		37,409,997	3,418,618	40,828,615
Total liabilities	\$_	50,167,218	5,127,640	55,294,858
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Resources from pension	\$	902,165		902,165
Advance tax collections	. —	3,682,333		3,682,333
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$_	4,584,498		4,584,498
Not monition.				
Net position:	Φ.	400 COO F24	00 045 544	240 446 042
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	190,600,531	28,815,511	219,416,042
Restricted for:		E 040 464		E 040 404
Donor's intentions		5,048,461	2 250 026	5,048,461
Unrestricted	\$ -	(22,475,547) 173,173,445	2,350,026 31,165,537	(20,125,521) 204,338,982
Total net position	Φ=	173,173,443	31,100,037	204,330,962

^{*} After internal balances have been eliminated

CITY OF SHELTON, CONNECTICUT EXHIBIT B

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

						Net (Expenses) R	Revenue and Change	es in Net Position
				Program Revenues		F	Primary Government	t
				Operating	Capital			
Functions/programs		Expenses	Charges for Services	Grants and Contributions	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Primary government:		Ехрепосо	OCIVIOCS	Continuations	Continuations	710071005	7 toti vitios	Total
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$	18,972,183	2,000,410	18,500	2,420,192	(14,533,081)		(14,533,081)
Public safety	Ψ	11,811,314	1,614,208	10,120	2, 120, 102	(10,186,986)		(10,186,986)
Public works		11,920,878	278,895	1,088,371	1,444,957	(9,108,655)		(9,108,655)
Health and welfare		332,223	0,000	14,498	.,,	(317,725)		(317,725)
Culture and recreation		4,583,471	464,880	23,535		(4,095,056)		(4,095,056)
Education		110,239,030	2,118,387	27,568,167		(80,552,476)		(80,552,476)
Interest on long-term debt		283,965	, -,	, , -		(283,965)		(283,965)
Total governmental activities	\$_	158,143,064	6,476,780	28,723,191	3,865,149	(119,077,944)		(119,077,944)
Pusings type activities								
Business-type activities:	φ	E 100 060	2.067.022				(2.064.225)	(2.064.225)
Water Pollution Control Authority Interest on long-term debt	\$	5,129,268 101,200	3,067,933			-	(2,061,335) (101,200)	(2,061,335) (101,200)
Total business-type activities	s ⁻	5,230,468	3,067,933				(2,162,535)	(2,162,535)
Total business-type activities	Ψ_	3,230,400	3,007,933				(2,102,333)	(2,102,333)
Total primary government	\$_	163,373,532	9,544,713	28,723,191	3,865,149	(119,077,944)	(2,162,535)	(121,240,479)
			General revenues	s and transfers:				
			Property taxes	huibti.a.u.a. u.a.t	\$	107,333,035		107,333,035
			Grants and cont	specific programs		825,813		825,813
				estment earnings		2,334,062		2,334,062
			Other unrestrict			1,196,647	256,911	1,453,558
			Transfers	ca moonic		(1,151,019)	1,151,019	1,400,000
				evenues and transf	ers \$	110,538,538	1,407,930	111,946,468
			-					
			Change in net po		\$	(, , ,	(754,605)	(9,294,011)
			Net position, beg	jinning		181,712,851	31,920,142	213,632,993
			Net position, end	led	\$	173,173,445	31,165,537	204,338,982

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

\$ 173,173,445

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2024

		General	Capital Projects	American Recovery	Plumb Library	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets:	-						
Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables, net	\$	7,098,258 1,145,497 5,112,648	1,136		188,624 4,239,925	2,973,272 1,939 699,173	10,260,154 5,388,497 5,811,821
Due from other funds Inventories		6,288,622 57,293	961,791	1,824,726		713,820 53,988	9,788,959 111,281
Prepaid expenses Total assets	\$ _	5,950 19,708,268	962,927	1,824,726	4,428,549	4,442,192	5,950 31,366,662
Liabilities:							
Accounts and other payables	\$	2,577,076	375,039	13,771		119,168	3,085,054
Payments in advance	Ψ	59,878	105,938	1,777,068		458.735	2,401,619
Due to other funds		6,666,346	,	1,111,000		1,527,912	8,194,258
Total liabilities	\$_	9,303,300	480,977	1,790,839	-	2,105,815	13,680,931
Deferred inflows of resources:							
Unavailable receipts	\$	4,456,801				1,939	4,458,740
Tax payments in advance	_	3,682,332					3,682,332
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$_	8,139,133	<u>-</u>		-	1,939	8,141,072
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable Restricted for:	\$	63,243				53,988	117,231
Donor's intentions Committed for:				33,887	4,428,549	586,025	5,048,461
Settlement		1,891,500					1,891,500
Specific use						248,879	248,879
Assigned						2,091,586	2,091,586
Unassigned		311,092	481,950			(646,040)	147,002
Total fund balances	\$_	2,265,835	481,950	33,887	4,428,549	2,334,438	9,544,659
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of							
resources and fund balances	\$_	19,708,268	962,927	1,824,726	4,428,549	4,442,192	
Amounts reported for governmental activities Capital assets used in the governmental			`	•			
reported in the funds.			,	,			201,688,809
Other long-term assets, deferred inflor period expenditures, and therefore, and			•	ay for current			10,094,020
Internal service funds are used by man funds. The assets and liabilities of the activities column in the Statement of N	inte	rnal service funds		-	lual		(7,254,540)
Long-term liabilities , including bonds potential therefore, are not reported in the funds	•	le, are not due an	nd payable in the o	current period, and			(40,899,503)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit A)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		General	Capital Proiects	American Recovery	Plumb Librarv	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:	-	General	Fiojecis	Recovery	Library	Fullus	Fullus
Property taxes and assessments Intergovernmental Charges for services Investment income	\$	106,959,057 22,811,487 3,911,147 1,586,252	743,625	2,420,192 12,387	724,207	7,438,849 1,804,022 11,216	106,959,057 33,414,153 5,715,169 2,334,062
Miscellaneous	_	1,634,403			1,092	301,258	1,936,753
Total revenues	\$	136,902,346	743,625	2,432,579	725,299	9,555,345	150,359,194
Expenditures: Current: General government	\$	16,391,743			-	_	16,391,743
Public safety		8,974,352				859,908	9,834,260
Public works		7,014,537				566,374	7,580,911
Public health		311,055			005.404	7.750	311,055
Culture and recreation		3,919,116			225,461	7,750	4,152,327
Education Other		92,518,902				8,278,942	100,797,844
Capital outlay		4,108,451 685,106	3,445,760	2,420,192		50,848	4,159,299 6,551,058
Debt service		4,865,414	3,443,700	2,420, 192			4,865,414
Total expenditures	\$	138,788,676	3,445,760	2,420,192	225,461	9,763,822	154,643,911
	٠-			, , , , ,			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	\$_	(1,886,330)	(2,702,135)	12,387	499,838	(208,477)	(4,284,717)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfer from other funds	•						
Transfer from other funds Transfer to other funds	\$	(1,151,019)					- (1,151,019)
Proceeds from sale of bonds		(1,131,019)	5,285,000				5,285,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(1,151,019)	5,285,000				4,133,981
5 ,							
Net changes in fund balances	\$	(3,037,349)	2,582,865	12,387	499,838	(208,477)	(150,736)
Fund balances (deficits) - beginning	_	5,303,184	(2,100,915)	21,500	3,928,711	2,542,915	9,695,395
Fund balances (deficits) - ended	\$_	2,265,835	481,950	33,887	4,428,549	2,334,438	9,544,659

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Differences in amounts reported for government-wide activities in the Statement of Activities are due to:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit D)	\$ (150,736)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	(1,176,776)
Noncurrent assets previously recognized in the Statement of Activities that provided	
current financial resources in the current year.	496,590
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provide current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	(5,870,462)
The net expense of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	 (1,838,022)
Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit B)	\$ (8,539,406)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGETARY BASIS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

				Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget
	_	Budgeted A		Budgetary	Positive/
Barrana	_	Original	Final	Basis	(Negative)
Revenues:	•	107.004.404	107.004.404	400.050.057	(400,404)
Property taxes	\$	107,361,161	107,361,161	106,959,057	(402,104)
Intergovernmental		7,846,619	7,846,619	8,551,502	704,883
Charges for services		7,475,800	7,475,800	7,463,052	(12,748)
Investment income		400,000	400,000	1,586,252	1,186,252
Other revenues		1,950,192	1,950,192	1,634,403	(315,789)
Total revenues	\$_	125,033,772	125,033,772	126,194,266	1,160,494
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	\$	17,241,257	18,335,864	17,691,744	644,120
Public safety		10,540,596	9,565,389	8,974,352	591,037
Public works		8,115,599	7,810,860	7,011,670	799,190
Health and welfare		321,055	321,055	311,055	10,000
Culture and recreation		4,227,369	4,228,026	3,919,116	308,910
Education		80,654,538	81,876,912	81,810,822	66,090
Other		4,626,816	4,279,503	4,108,451	171,052
Debt service:		, ,	, ,		•
Principal retirements		4,344,659	4,344,659	4,335,207	9,452
Capital lease payments		270,520	270,520	270,519	. 1
Interest and other charges		140,343	249,964	259,688	(9,724)
Payment on behalf of W.P.C.A.		1,151,020	1,151,020	1,151,019	1
Total expenditures	\$_	131,633,772	132,433,772	129,843,643	2,590,129
Revenues over (under) expenditures	\$_	(6,600,000)	(7,400,000)	(3,649,377)	3,750,623
Other financing courses (uses)					
Other financing sources (uses): Transfer from insurance reserve	φ	E00 000	1 200 000	1 200 000	
	\$	500,000	1,300,000	1,300,000	- (4 E40 024)
Appropriation of fund balance Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	6,100,000 6,600,000	6,100,000 7,400,000	4,551,969 5,851,969	(1,548,031) (1,548,031)
Total other illiancing sources (uses)	Ψ_	0,000,000	7,400,000	3,631,909	(1,546,031)
Revenues over expenditures and other					
financing sources (uses)	\$_	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	2,202,592	2,202,592
	_				
Less:					
Committed for set	tlemer	nt	-	(1,891,500)	
Net change in una	ssigne	ed fund balance	\$	311,092	
Unassigned fund b	oalanc	e, July 1, 2023	-		
Unassigned fund l	oalanc	e, June 30, 2024	\$_	311,092	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF NET FUND POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2024

	Business-type Activities Water Pollution Control	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Assets:		
Current assets:	Φ.	
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	E06 21E
Receivables, net of allowance	99,785	596,315 411,643
Due from other funds	2,888,254	277,755
Total current assets	\$ 2,988,039	1,285,713
Total culterit assets	Ψ 2,900,039	1,200,710
Noncurrent assets:		
Capital assets, not being depreciated	\$ 462,669	_
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	32,842,469	_
Total noncurrent assets	\$ 33,305,138	-
Total assets	\$ 36,293,177	1,285,713
Liabilities:		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 471,544	7,913
Payments in advance	166,469	
Due to other funds		4,759,211
Notes payable - current	1,071,009	
Total current liabilities	\$1,709,022	4,767,124
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Claims incurred, but not reported	\$	3,773,129
Notes payable, less current portion	3,418,618	_
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$ 3,418,618	3,773,129
Total liabilities	\$5,127,640	8,540,253
Net fund position:		
Invested in capital assets, net of		
related debt	\$ 28,815,511	
Unrestricted	2,350,026	(7,254,540)
Total net fund position	\$ 31,165,537	(7,254,540)

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET FUND POSITION (DEFICIT) PROPRIETARY FUNDS
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	_ _	Business-type Activities Water Pollution Control	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Operating revenues:	•	0.007.000	
Charges for services and other revenues	\$	3,067,933	4E 040 E0E
Employer's contribution Employee's contribution			15,810,525
Other		256,911	
Total operating revenues	\$	3,324,844	15,810,525
Total opolating revenues	Ψ_	0,021,011	10,010,020
Operating expenses:			
Salaries and benefits	\$	1,424,189	17,493,286
Material and supplies	•	142,497	,,
Utilities		430,586	
Depreciation		1,603,870	
Administration and operation		1,528,126	189,288
Total operating expenses	\$_	5,129,268	17,682,574
Operating income (loss)	\$_	(1,804,424)	(1,872,049)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):			
Gain (loss) on investments	\$		34,027
Interest expense	Ψ	(101,200)	01,027
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$_	(101,200)	34,027
3	· -	(2 , 2 2)	
Transfer from other funds	\$	1,151,019	-
	_		
Change in net fund position	\$	(754,605)	(1,838,022)
Net fund position (deficit), beginning	_	31,920,142	(5,416,518)
Nat found on a side or (definite) and ad	Φ.	04 405 507	(7.054.540)
Net fund position (deficit), ended	\$_	31,165,537	(7,254,540)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	i	Business-type Activities	Governmental Activities
		Water	Internal
		Pollution	Service
	_	Control	Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Receipts from customers and users	\$	3,466,456	15,947,418
Payments to suppliers		(= 000 00=)	(, = 0, = 1, 0)
Payments to employees and benefits		(5,898,895)	(15,947,418)
Net cash flows provided by (used in) operating activities	\$_	(2,432,439)	
Cook flows from conital and related financing activities			
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:	Φ.	(4.040.040)	
Principal payments on capital debt	\$	(1,049,819)	
Interest paid on capital debt	_	(101,200)	
Net cash provided by (used in) capital	•	(4.454.040)	
and related financing activities	\$_	(1,151,019)	
Cash flows from noncapital and related financing activities:			
Transfer in and payments made through governmental activities	\$	1,151,019	
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital	Φ_	1,131,019	
and related financing activities	¢	1 151 010	
and related imancing activities	\$_	1,151,019	
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Gain (loss) on investments	\$		34,027
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	φ <u> —</u>	<u>-</u>	34,027
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	Ψ_	<u>-</u> _	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	(2,432,439)	34,027
Cook and cook annivelenta harrisation		0.400.400	ECO 000
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning		2,432,439	562,289
Cash and cash equivalents, ended	\$	<u> </u>	596,316
		_	_
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by			
(used in) operating activities:			
Operating income (loss)	\$	(1,804,424)	(1,872,049)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by			
(used in) operating activities:			
Depreciation		1,603,870	
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Decrease (increase) in receivable accounts		(50,454)	136,893
Decrease (increase) in due from other funds		302,187	1,984,733
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(2,373,497)	
Increase (decrease) in payments in advance		(110,121)	(0.40 ===:
Increase (decrease) in claims incurred but not reported			(249,577)
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$	(2,432,439)	
Net cash hows from operating activities	Ψ_	(८,५७८,५७७)	

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS
June 30, 2024

	 Custodial Funds
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,376,330
Total assets	\$ 1,376,330
Liabilities:	
Due to other funds	\$ 1,499
Total liabilities	\$ 1,499
Net position:	
Held in deposit for employees	\$ 710,831
Held in deposit for contractors	68,212
Held in deposit for organizations	142,169
Held in deposit for students	 453,619
Held in trust for benefits and other purposes	\$ 1,374,831

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Custodial
	_	Funds
Additions:		
Contributions:		
Contributions and donations	\$	
Other	_	949,997
Total contributions	\$_	949,997
Investment earnings:		
Interest and dividends		8,206
Total investment earnings	\$_	8,206
Total additions	\$_	958,203
Deductions:		
Other deductions	\$	979,518
Total deductions	\$_	979,518
Change in net position	\$	(21,315)
Net position, beginning	_	1,396,146
Net position, ended	\$_	1,374,831

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting entity

The City of Shelton, Connecticut, (the City), was settled in 1789 and incorporated as a City in 1919. It operates under an elected mayor and an eight-member Board of Aldermen.

The City provides a full range of services including public safety, roads, sanitation, health, social services, culture and recreation, education, planning, zoning, and general administrative services to its residents.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting board for governmental accounting financial reporting principles. These principles require that the City report government-wide and fund financial statements, which are described below.

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. *Government activities*, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately than *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment of, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Under this method, revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

As a general rule, the effect of inter-fund activity, or internal balances, has been eliminated from government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this rule are the charges between the business-type funds and the various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024, Continued

Fund financial statements

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability has occurred, as under accrual accounting. However, expenditures related to long-term liabilities, such as debt service payments and compensated absences, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes are levied on all taxable assessed property on the grand list of October 1 prior to the beginning of the fiscal year. Real estate taxes are payable in two installments (July 1 and January 1). Personal property taxes are payable annually (July 1) and motor vehicle taxes are due in one single payment on July 1. Liens are filed on delinquent real estate taxes within one year. Revenues from property taxes are recognized when they become available. Available means due, or past due, and receivable within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers property tax revenue to be available if it is collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, special assessments, and interest revenue. Fines, permits, and charges for services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash.

Intergovernmental revenues, grants, and similar items are recognized as soon as all eligible requirements imposed by the provider have been met and are collected soon enough to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, grants may be recognized and received after 60 days of the fiscal year end.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the general operating fund of the City's government. All unrestricted resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund, are accounted for in this fund. From this fund are paid general operating expenditures, fixed charges, principal and interest on long-term debt, and capital improvement costs of the City, which were not paid through a special fund.

The *capital projects fund* is used to account for resources used for capital expenditures or for the acquisition or construction of capital facilities, improvements, and equipment. Most of the capital outlays are financed by the issuance of general obligation bonds and capital grants. Other sources include current tax revenues and low interest state loans.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024, Continued

The City reports on the following major proprietary funds:

The *Water Pollution Control Authority (W.P.C.A.)* accounts for the operations of the City's wastewater treatment system. The City operates its own sewage treatment plant, sewage pumping stations, and collection system. Its operations are financed from direct charges to the users of the service.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

The *internal service funds* account for employee heart and hypertension and workers' compensation insurance provided to departments of the City.

The *private-purpose trust fund* is used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others. An example includes the Plumb Memorial Library, which maintains the assets received through contributions, fees, and charges of the library.

The **custodial funds** account for monies held as a custodian for outside groups and agencies such as student activity funds, senior trip funds, and performance bonds.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and the enterprise funds reported in the proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their government-wide and propriety fund financial statements subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations.

The principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses for enterprise and internal service funds include the cost of operations and maintenance, provisions for doubtful accounts, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Assets, liabilities and net assets or equity

Cash and cash equivalents

The City considers cash on hand, deposits, and short-term investments, with an original maturity of three months or less, to be cash and cash equivalents.

Investments

Investments are stated at fair value using quoted market prices.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024, Continued

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market using the consumption method on the first-in, first-out basis for governmental fund types.

Receivables and payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending or borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (noncurrent portion of interfund loans). Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable as financial resources.

All trade and property tax receivables, including those for W.P.C.A. funds, are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts. The allowance for uncollectible accounts is estimated based on the inherent risk associated with the accounts.

Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$20,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years.

Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the net assets or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of the business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, and equipment of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and improvements	25-50
Infrastructure	10-65
Machinery and equipment	5-20

Capital assets are reported as expenditures and no depreciation expense is reported in the governmental fund financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024, Continued

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

The Statement of Net Position (Exhibit A) reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources until a future period. The City reports borrowing costs as well as a deferred charge on refunding as a result from the differences in the carrying value of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price. These amounts are deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the related debt. A deferred outflow of resources related to pension and other post-employment benefits other than pension ("OPEB") results from differences between expected and actual experience and earnings, changes in proportionate share, and other factors. These amounts are deferred and will be included as pension expenses in a systematic and rational manner.

The Statement of Net Position (Exhibit A) and the balance sheet for the government funds (Exhibit C) report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial element represents the addition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as revenue until that time. The City reports advance tax collections in the statement of net position and the balance sheet for the government funds. If applicable, the City reports a deferred inflow of resources related to pensions in the statement of net position.

A deferred inflow of resources related to pension and OPEB can result from differences between expected and actual experience and other inputs. These amounts are deferred and will be included in pension expenses in a systematic and rational manner, if applicable. The government funds report unavailable revenue, which arises only under the modified accrual basis of accounting because it does not meet the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period.

Compensated absences

Under the terms of its various union contracts, City and Board of Education employees are granted vacation and sick time in varying amounts based on length of service. Certain employees may also carry over a limited number of unused vacation days to subsequent years based on the terms of an employment or union contract. In the event of termination, these employees are reimbursed for accumulated vacation. The City recognizes liability in the government-wide financial statements for the vested portion, as well as the unvested portion to the extent expected to be paid, as compensated absences.

Net pension liability

The net pension liability is measured as the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefits that is attributed to past periods of employee service (total pension liability), net of the pension plan's fiduciary net position. The pension plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the pension plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net pension liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024, Continued

Net OPEB liability

The net OPEB liability is measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees past periods of service (total OPEB liability), less the amount of the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is determined using the same valuation methods that are used by the OPEB plan for purposes of preparing its statement of fiduciary net position. The net OPEB liability is measured as of a date (measurement date) no earlier than the end of the employer's prior fiscal year, consistently applied from period to period.

Long-term obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the terms of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financial sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund equity and net position

In the government-wide financial statements, net position is classified in the following categories:

Investment in capital assets, net of related debt - This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of these assets reduce this category.

The **restricted net position** represents amounts of external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, and laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The *unrestricted net position* represents the net position of the City which is not restricted for any project or other purpose.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024, Continued

In the fund financial statements, fund balances of governmental funds are classified into five separate categories. The five categories and their general meanings are as follows:

The **nonspendable** are those net assets that are not in expendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained.

The **restricted fund balances** are defined in the same manner as for the restricted government-wide net assets.

Committed fund balances are those balances that can only be used for a specific purpose as a result of constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. For the *City of Shelton*, that was considered to be the Board of Aldermen.

Assigned fund balances are amounts that are contained by the government's intent to be used as a specific purpose.

Unassigned fund balance is defined as the residual classification for the general fund and includes those remaining balances that cannot be categorized in the above four categories.

Fair value of financial instruments

In accordance with GASB 72, the City is required to measure the fair value of its assets and liabilities under a three-level hierarchy, as follows:

Level 1: Quoted market prices for identical assets or liabilities to which an entity has access to at the measurement date.

Level 2: Inputs and information other than quoted market indices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs include:

- a. Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- b. Quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active;
- c. Observable inputs other than quoted prices for the assets or liabilities;
- d. Inputs derived principally from, or corroborated by, observable market data by correlation or by other means.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. Unobservable inputs should be used to measure the fair value to the extent that observable inputs are not available.

Observable inputs reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed from sources independent of the reporting entity; and unobservable inputs reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available in the circumstances. Investments are carried at fair value based on quoted market prices and are presented in Note 4.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024, Continued

Note 2 - Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

General fund

The statement of revenues and expenditures and change in fund balance - budgetary basis - budget to actual presented in the financial statements for the general fund is on the budgetary basis of accounting which is a basis of accounting other than the accrual basis and the modified basis of accounting. The budgetary basis of accounting and the City's general budget policies are as follows:

- A. The manager of each department, office and agency submits to the Mayor, by February 15, estimates of revenues and expenditures for the following year.
- B. The Mayor reviews these estimates and may revise them as he deems advisable, except that in the case of the Department of Education, he has the authority to revise only the total estimated expenditures.
- C. On or before March 22, the Mayor, with the assistance of the Director of Finance, submits it to the Board of Apportionment and Taxation. The Board, by majority vote of full membership, approves the budget and submits it to the Board of Aldermen by May 1.
- D. The City's Board of Apportionment and Taxation is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within one department. However, any transfers between departments or additional appropriations, must be approved by the City Aldermen. Additional appropriations by the Aldermen may be approved from any contingency fund or the general fund's undesignated fund balance, without levying a special tax.
- E. All unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end except those for capital projects and nonrecurring special revenue funds. Appropriations for these funds are continued until completion of applicable projects, which generally last more than one year.
- F. Encumbrances are recognized as a valid and proper charge against a budget appropriation in the year in which the purchase order, contract or other commitment is issued and, accordingly, encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reflected in budgetary reports as expenditures of the current year.
- G. The legal level of budgetary control is at the department level.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024, Continued

A reconciliation of general fund operations and fund balance presented on a budgetary basis to the amounts presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) is as follows:

,			Expenditures
		Revenues	and Encumbrances
	-		
Balance, budgetary basis	\$	126,194,266	129,843,643
State Teachers' Retirement "on-behalf" payment, not recognized for budgetary purposes		12,198,962	12,198,962
In accordance with State Statutes, the City's Board of Education recognizes the following receipts net of expenses for budgetary purposes:			
Excess costs grant		2,061,023	2,061,023
The Shelton bus contract is funds received by the City from the City's Board of Education to operate and maintain the school buses		(3,551,905)	(3,551,905)
Change in Encumbrances as of: June 30, 2024			2,867
Expenditure from lawsuit verdict budgeted in the subsequent year's expenditures, but incurred and paid during the current fiscal			
year			685,105
Payment received from other financial resources for health insurance			(1,300,000)
Payment on-behalf of W.P.C.A. was made through the operating budget, but was recorded as a transfer for budgetary			(4.454.040)
purposes, netted against capital grants	-		(1,151,019)
Balance, GAAP basis	\$ _	136,902,346	138,788,677

Special revenue funds

The City does not have legally adopted annual budgets for the special revenue funds. Budgets for the various special revenue funds which are utilized to account for specific grant programs are established in accordance with the requirements of the grantor agencies. Such budgets carry over until completion of the grants, and therefore, may comprise more than one fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024, Continued

Capital projects funds

Legal authorization for expenditures of the capital projects funds is provided by the related bond ordinances and/or intergovernmental grant agreements or Connecticut State Statutes. Capital appropriations do not lapse until the purpose for which the appropriation was made has been accomplished or abandoned.

Note 3 - Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

<u>Explanation of certain differences between the government fund Balance Sheet and the government-wide Statement of Net Position</u>

The details of the components included in Exhibit C are as follows:

Capitalized assets are expensed in the fund financial statements in the period the expense is incurred while the expense is incurred over the useful life of the related asset in the government-wide financial statements:

Land	\$ 37,862,466
Net capital assets being depreciated	163,826,343
Net adjustment to increase fund balance to arrive	
at net position of government activities	\$ 201,688,809

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore, are not reported in the funds. The detail of this difference is as follows:

Net long-term debt	\$ (11,088,278)
Compensated absences	(7,730,278)
Accrued interest on debt	(130,720)
Net pension obligation	(17,077,227)
Litigation obligation	(4,873,000)
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance to arrive	
at net position of government activities	\$ (40,899,503)

Other long-term assets, deferred outflows and deferred inflows are not available to pay for current period expenditures, and therefore, are deferred in the funds. This amount includes the following:

Delinquent property tax and interest	\$	4,119,810
Deferred outflows (inflows) of pension charges		5,635,281
Notes receivable – assessments		338,929
Net adjustment to increase fund balance to		
arrive at net position of government		
activities	\$_	10,094,020

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024, Continued

<u>Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund Statement of Revenues,</u> <u>Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and the government-wide Statement of Activities</u>

The governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances includes reconciliation between net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this difference are as follows:

Acquisitions	\$ 6,063,120
Depreciation	 (7,239,896)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund	
balances to arrive at changes in net position of	
governmental activities	\$ (1,176,776)

Another element of that reconciliation states that "the issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of this difference are as follows:

4,611,433
(5,285,000)
(293,910)
(29,985)
(4,873,000)
· ·
\$ 5,870,462
_ \$

Other long-term assets, deferred outflows and deferred inflows previously recognized in the State of Activities that provided current financial resources in the current fiscal year:

Net changes in deterred pension outflows (inflows)	\$ 101,107
Change in delinquent accounts and assessments	 395,483
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund	
balances to arrive at changes in net position of	
governmental activities	\$ 496,590

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024, Continued

Note 4 - Deposits and Investments

The City's deposits and investments are presented in the accompanying balance sheets as follows:

		Deposit	Investments	Total
Cash and cash equivalents: Governmental activities	\$	10,260,154		10,260,154
Investments: Governmental activities	_		5,984,812	5,984,812
Total deposits and investments	\$	10,260,154	5,984,812	16,244,966

Custodial credit risk

As of June 30, 2024, the carrying amount of the City's deposits had bank balances of approximately \$19,320,966. The amount of the bank balance covered under federal depository insurance was approximately \$1,250,000. The remaining deposits were uninsured; however, provisions of the Connecticut General Statutes provide for protection against loss in excess of deposit insurance by requiring all qualified public depositories to maintain segregated collateral for public deposits. As of June 30, 2024, approximately \$1,932,097 of uninsured deposits were collateralized under the provision.

Investments

As of June 30, 2024, the City held the following investments:

			Weighted	
		Fair Value	Average to	
		(Level 1	Maturity	
Investment Type	Fund	 hierarchy)	(years)	Risk
State Investment Fund	General Fund	\$ 1,148,572	.2	Na
Mutual Funds	Plumb Library	4,239,925	.2	Na
Mutual Funds	Internal Service	596,315	.2	Na
Total investments		\$ 5,984,812		

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in the market interest rates which will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City has no formal policy specifically related to interest rate risk. The City minimizes its exposure to interest rate risk by investing its operating funds in short-term investments.

Credit risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that the issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. It is the City's policy to invest only in securities that meet the ratings requirements set by General State Statute Chapter 112, Section 7-400, which is described below in the Investment policies of the City.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024, Continued

Investment policies

The City maintains an investment policy, which excludes certain private purpose fund investments. The City's investment policy strictly prohibits all funds to invest in investments not included in Chapter 12, Section 7-400 of the State of Connecticut's General Statutes, which permits municipalities to invest in (a) obligations of the United States and its agencies, (b) highly rated obligations of any state of the United States or of any political subdivision, authority of agency thereof, and (c) shares of interests in custodial arrangements or pools maintaining constant net asset values and in highly rated no-load open end money market and mutual funds whose portfolios are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such obligation. Other provisions of the Statutes regarding the investment of such funds is generally controlled by the laws applicable to fiduciaries and the provisions of the applicable plan.

Note 5 - Receivables, Deferred Revenue and Payables

Receivables

The receivables as of June 30, 2024, for the City's individual major funds and non-major, internal service and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowance for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

	_	Government Funds			
		General	Non-major	Takal	
	-	Fund	Funds	Total	
Property taxes	\$	3,087,206		3,087,206	
Interest and liens		1,357,491		1,357,491	
Intergovernmental		86,547	699,173	785,720	
Accounts		303,309		303,309	
Assessments	_	278,095		278,095	
Total net receivables	\$_	5,112,648	699,173	5,811,821	
	_		Proprietary Funds		
			Internal		
			Service		
	_	W.P.C.A.	funds	Total	
Accounts	\$_	99,785	411,643_	511,428	
Total net receivables	\$	99,785	411,643	511,428	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024, Continued

Payments unavailable and unearned

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities in the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned. At the end of the fiscal year the components of deferred revenue and unearned revenues reported in the governmental fund were as follows:

	Unavailable	Unearned
General fund:		
Delinquent property taxes and interest	\$ 4,119,811	
Delinquent accounts	58,728	
Overpayment of taxes		7,433
Advanced payment of taxes		3,674,899
Other advanced payments		59,878
Assessments	278,262	
Capital Projects		
Payments in advance		105,938
American Recovery		
Payments in advance		1,777,068
Other governmental funds:		
Grants paid in advance		458,735
Assessments	1,939	
Total unavailable & unearned revenue	\$ 4,458,740	6,083,951

<u>Payables</u>

Payables as of June 30, 2024, for the City's individual major funds and non-major funds were as follows:

	_	Vendors	Payroll	Total
General fund	\$	1,430,871	1,146,205	2,577,076
Capital projects fund		375,039		375,039
American recovery fund		13,771		13,771
Non-major funds	_	119,168		119,168
Total governmental funds	\$	1,938,849	1,146,205	3,085,054
Internal service funds		7,913		7,913
W.P.C.A.	_	471,544		471,544
Total payables	\$_	2,418,306	1,146,205	3,564,511

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024, Continued

Note 6 - Inter-fund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

Inter-funds receivables and payables

Inter-fund receivables and payables at June 30, 2024 consisted of the following:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General fund	Internal service funds	 4,759,211
General fund	Nonmajor funds	1,527,912
General fund	Trust and agency funds	1,499
Capital projects	General fund	961,791
American recovery	General fund	1,824,726
W.P.C.A.	General fund	2,888,254
Internal Service fund	General fund	277,755
Nonmajor funds	General fund	713,820
	Total	\$ 12,954,968

Inter-fund transfers

The following inter-fund payments were also made:

- The government subsidized the activities of the W.P.C.A. through the payments to the clean water loan on behalf of the W.P.C.A. in an amount of \$1,151,019.
- The government budgeted and transferred funds from the medical reserve in order to help cover the increase in healthcare costs incurred during the fiscal year in an amount of \$1,300,000.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024, Continued

Note 7 - Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

		Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:	•				
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$	36,998,480	863,986		37,862,466
Construction in progress	Ψ	4,033,057	000,000	4,033,057	-
Total capital assets not being deprec.	\$	41,031,537	863,986	4,033,057	37,862,466
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	\$	196,688,960	1,910,617		198,599,577
Machinery and equipment	Ψ	30,988,311	2,016,940		33,005,251
Infrastructure		94,664,937	5,304,633		99,969,570
Total capital assets being deprec.	\$	322,342,208	9,232,190		331,574,398
Less: accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings and improvements	\$	83,823,759	2,854,533		86,678,292
Machinery and equipment	•	23,148,820	1,899,715		25,048,535
Infrastructure		53,535,581	2,485,647		56,021,228
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	160,508,160	7,239,895		167,748,055
Net capital assets being depreciated	\$	161,834,048	1,992,295		163,826,343
Total capital assets, governmental	\$	202,865,585	2,856,281	4,033,057	201,688,809

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:		
General government	\$	71,594
Education		2,417,120
Public works		3,580,408
Public safety		1,031,673
Culture and recreation		139,100
Total depreciation expense		_
governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	7,239,895

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024, Continued

		Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Ending Balance
Business-type activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Construction in progress	\$_	462,669			462,669
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	\$	51,531,760	-	-	51,531,760
Sewers		40,578,832	<u> </u>		40,578,832
Total capital assets being depreciated	\$_	92,110,592			92,110,592
Less: accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings and improvements	\$	39,447,407	1,586,560	-	41,033,967
Sewers		18,216,846	17,310	<u>-</u>	18,234,156
Total accumulated depreciation	\$_	57,664,253	1,603,870		59,268,123
Net capital assets being depreciated	\$_	34,446,339	(1,603,870)		32,842,469
Total capital assets, business-type	\$_	34,909,008	(1,603,870)		33,305,138

Note 8 - Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term debt liabilities activity for the year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

	_	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	Due In One Year
Governmental activities:						
Long-term debt:						
General obligation bonds	\$	9,386,798	5,285,000	3,964,659	10,707,139	3,090,139
G.O.B. refunding bonds		380,000		380,000	-	
Bank promissory notes	_	647,913		266,774	381,139	268,647
Total long-term debt	\$	10,414,711	5,285,000	4,611,433	11,088,278	3,358,786
Other long-term liabilities:						
Net pension obligation		16,783,317	293,910		17,077,227	
Claims and judgments			4,873,000		4,873,000	
Compensated absences	_	7,730,278			7,730,278	
Total governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$_	34,928,306	10,451,910	4,611,433	40,768,783	3,358,786
Business-type activities:						
Clean water fund notes	\$_	6,303,579		1,813,952	4,489,627	1,071,009
Total business-type						
activities long-term liabilities	\$_	6,303,579		1,813,952	4,489,627	1,071,009
Total long-term liabilities	\$_	41,231,885	10,451,910	6,425,385	45,258,410	4,429,795

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
June 30, 2024, Continued

General obligation bonds

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities and are direct obligations and pledge the good faith and credit of the government. Certain general obligation bonds are to be repaid by revenues of the enterprise funds. These bonds generally are issued as 5 year and 10-year serial bonds with equal amounts of principal maturing each year. As of June 30, 2024, the outstanding general obligation bonded indebtedness of the City was as follows:

	 General
\$8,815,000 G.O. Bond 2014, issue of 8/1/2014, due 8/1/2024, interest at 2.0% to 5.0%, annual principal and interest payments	\$ 725,000
\$2,750,000 G.O. Bank loan 2015, lot B, issue of 8/10/2015, due 8/1/2025, interest at 2.0% to 5.0%, annual principal and interest payments	615,000
\$6,101,000 G.O. Bank loan 2018, issue of 11/29/2018, due 11/24/2024, interest at 2.6% to 2.7%, annual principal and interest payments	322,139
\$3,100,000 G.O. Bank loan 2019, issue of 12/10/2019, due 1/10/2025, interest at 1.72%, annual principal and interest payments	727,000
\$5,055,000 G.O. Bank loan 2021, issue of 12/9/2021, due 1/10/2025, interest at 1.72%, annual principal and interest payments	3,033,000
\$5,285,000 G.O. Bank loan 2023, issue of 12/19/2023, due 12/15/2028, interest at 4.3%, annual principal and interest payments	 5,285,000
Total general obligation bond and loans	\$ 10,707,139

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ended,		Governmental Activity			
June 30	_	Principal	Interest		
2025	\$	4,147,139	261,441		
2026		2,378,000	172,812		
2027		2,068,000	118,049		
2028		1,057,000	69,313		
2029		1,057,000	23,104		
Total	\$	10,707,139	644,719		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024, Continued

Bonds authorized but unissued

Under regulations issued by the Internal Revenue Service, effective March 2, 1992, in order for capital projects to be funded through tax-exempt debt, all projects must be appropriated and designated as being funded through debt prior to any expenditure on these projects.

The City has authorized but unissued bonds relating to capital projects at June 30, 2024, as follows:

Sewer	\$ 4,259,171
General purpose	4,650,164
Schools	729,145
Total	\$ 9,638,480

A portion of bonds authorized and unissued will be reduced by grants received.

Bank promissory note

The City has an outstanding balance of \$381,140 on a bank promissory note due to Newton Savings. The note was issued on November 30, 2020 and requires 60 equal monthly payments of combined principal and interest (rate of .70%) until the maturity date of December 16, 2025. The note is secured by, among other things, a security interest in certain assets of the City.

Debt service requirements until maturity are as follows:

Year Ended,	Governmental Activity		
June 30	Principal	Interest	
2025	\$ 268,647	1,807	
2026	112,493	197	
Total	\$ 381,140	2,004	

Clean water fund loans payable

The City has an outstanding balance on loans payable to the State of Connecticut's Department of Environmental Protection, under its Clean Water Fund Program, for sanitary sewer projects. The individual loans were as follows:

Note	_	Balance
165-C	- \$ -	3,975,555
104-C		514,072
Total clean water fund loans	\$	4,489,627

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024, Continued

These loans bear interest at 2% per annum and the annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ended		Business-type Activity		
June 30,		Principal	Interest	
2025		1,071,009	80,010	
2026		1,092,626	58,393	
2027		1,114,680	36,339	
2028		1,045,823	14,322	
2029		165,489	387	
	\$_	4,489,627	189,451	

Lawsuit settlement

During the fiscal year, the City of Shelton was found liable in a case involving the Shelton Police Department. After further negotiations, a final settlement was reached of \$4,873,000 to be paid by the City. Appropriations for the payment have been made in the subsequent year and insurance is expected to incur a portion of the liability.

Note 9 - Commitments and Contingencies

Lawsuits

There were several personal injuries, negligence, and personnel related lawsuits pending against the City. The outcome and eventual liability of the City, if any in these cases, is not known at this time. Based upon consultation with counsel, the City's management estimates that potential claims against the City not covered by insurance resulting from such litigation would not materially affect the financial position of the City.

The City received federal and state grants for specific purposes and is subject to review and audit by the grantor agency for compliance and disallowed expenses under the grant. Management believes that such disallowances, if any, will not be material to the financial position of the City.

The spread of the COVID-19 virus has caused business disruption throughout the United States and in the State of Connecticut specifically through the State of Connecticut Executive Orders. While disruption is expected to be temporary, there is considerable uncertainty concerning the duration and financial impact of this disruption. Although the City does not expect this matter to negatively impact its financial condition, results of operation, or cash flow, the extent of the financial impact and duration cannot be reasonably estimated.

Municipal solid waste management services contract

The City has entered into a ten-year municipal solid waste management services contract on December 1, 2014, with WIN Waste Innovations. The City agrees to pay \$60.25 per short ton (2,000 lb.) of acceptable waste delivered to the facility with a minimum charge of 1 ton per delivery. The tip fee will escalate by 75% of the consumer price index each year on July 1.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024, Continued

Risk management and self-insurance

The City is exposed to various risks of loss including torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; error and omissions; injuries to employees; employee health; and natural disasters. The City generally obtains commercial insurance for these risks but has chosen to retain the risks for workers' compensation, including heart and hypertension, and physical damage of the City's vehicles.

The worker's compensation fund purchases a self-insured retention worker's compensation excess policy for claims exceeding \$500,000. All other claims are funded by the General Fund. Payments to the fund are estimated based on payroll amounts, job classification rates, experience, and second injury fund assessments.

Under Public Act 9-342, health insurance for retired teachers, subsidy equal to the equivalent's flat dollar premium amount of Blue Cross 65/Blue Shield 65 is paid by the State directly to the local school districts. Where it is applied to reduce premium payments of the retired members' 1% supplemental contributions, since July 1, 1989, have been directly applied to a dedicated health insurance fund. There is no cost to the City.

Changes in the balance of claim liabilities for the worker's compensation and health insurance were as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,		Claims Payable Beginning	Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claims Paid	Claims Payable Ending
Worker's Compensati	on				
2023	\$	1,977,177	1,433,693	1,409,631	2,001,239
2024		2,001,239	1,538,161	1,350,000	2,189,400
Health Insurance					
2023		1,508,001	18,963,415	18,449,949	2,021,467
2024		2,021,467	14,159,680	14,597,418	1,583,729
Total Internal Service					
2023		3,485,178	20,397,108	19,859,580	4,022,706
2024		4,022,706	15,697,841	15,947,418	3,773,129

Note 10 - Employee Retirement Plans

Merit employee's retirement plan

The City of Shelton maintains a contributory money purchase defined contribution pension plan, (City of Shelton Money Purchase Plan), which covers merit employees and Board of Education non-certified employees who work more than 20 hours per week and more than 5 months per year, except policemen who participate in a defined benefit pension plan administered by the Connecticut Municipal Employees' Retirement Fund, and teachers who participate in a contributory retirement plan administered by the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024, Continued

The defined contribution pension plan provides pension benefits in return for services rendered, provides an individual account for each participant, and specifies how contributions to the individual's account are to be determined instead of specifying the amount of benefits the individual is to receive. Under a defined contribution pension plan, the benefits a participant will receive depend solely on the amount contributed to the participant's account, the returns earned on investments of those contributions, and forfeitures of other participant's benefits that may be allocated to such participant's account.

Employees are eligible to participate once they have completed one year of continuous service, with no minimum age requirement. The City contributes an amount equal to 6% of the employees' annual base wages, while employees must contribute 3%. Employees may also make voluntary contributions up to 10% of annual wages.

Contributions made by an employee vest immediately and contributions made by the City for each employee (and interest allocated to the employee's account) are 20% vested for each year of service until 100% vested after 5 years of service. Both participant and employer contributions are invested per employee direction.

The City's total covered payroll under the plan, excluding the Board of Education, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, was approximately \$6.6 million. The City's matching contribution for city employees was \$478,276 and \$422,070 for Board of Education employees.

No pension provision changes occurred during the year that affected the required contributions to be made by the City or its employees. The City of Shelton's Money Purchase Plan held no securities of the City or other related parties during, or as of the close of, the fiscal year.

Connecticut municipal employees' retirement system – defined benefit plan

Plan description

The City's police officers participate in Connecticut's Municipal Employees' Retirement System (CMERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system (PERS) established by the State of Connecticut and administered by the State Retirement Commission to provide retirement, disability, and death benefits to the employees and beneficiaries of participating municipalities. Title 7, Chapter 113 of the General Statutes of Connecticut, which can be amended by legislative action, establishes PERS benefits, member contribution rates, and other plan provisions.

CMERS is considered to be a part of the State of Connecticut financial reporting entity and is included in the State's financial reports as a pension trust fund. Those reports may be obtained by writing to the State of Connecticut, Office of the State Comptroller, 165 Capital Ave, Hartford, Connecticut 06106, by calling 860-702-3480, or by visiting the State's website www.ct.gov.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024, Continued

Summary of significant accounting policies

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and expense information about CMERS net position and additions to/deductions from CMERS net position have been determined on the same basis they are reported by CMERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Benefit provisions

The benefits provided by CMERS to its participants include retirement, disability, and death benefits.

General Employees: Employees are eligible to retire at age 55 with 5 years of continuous service, or 15 years of active aggregate service. Employees under the age of 55 are eligible to retire with 25 years of service.

Police Officers and Firefighters: Compulsory retirement age for police and fire members is age 65.

Normal Retirement: Members not covered by social security receive a benefit of 2% of average final compensation times years of service. Members covered by social security receive a benefit of 1.5% of the average final compensation not in excess of the year's breakpoint plus 2% of average final compensation in excess of the year's breakpoint, times years of service.

The maximum benefit is 100% of average final compensation and the minimum benefit is \$1,000 annually. Both the minimum and the maximum include workers' compensation and social security benefits.

Early Retirement: Employees are eligible after 5 years of active continuous service or 15 years of active aggregate service. The benefit is calculated based on average final compensation and service to date of termination. Deferred to normal retirement age or an actuarially reduced allowance may begin at the time of separation.

Disability Retirement: Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits from being permanently or totally disabled from engaging in the service of the municipality, provided such disability has arisen out of and in the course of employment with the municipality. Disability due to hypertension or heart disease, in the case of police officers and firefighters, who began employment prior to July 1, 1996, is presumed to have been suffered in the line of duty. Benefits are calculated based on compensation and service to the date of the disability with a minimum benefit of 50% of compensation at the time of disability. Non-service-related disability benefits are provided to employees with 10 years of service and being permanently or totally disabled from engaging in gainful employment in the service of the municipality. Disability benefits are calculated based on compensation and service to the date of the disability.

Pre-Retirement Death Benefit: The Plan also offers a lump-sum return of contributions with interest or if vested and married, the surviving spouse will receive a lifetime benefit.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024, Continued

Contribution requirements

Contributions are established by State Statutes as follows:

Employer

The City, as a participating municipality, makes annual contributions consisting of a normal cost contribution, a contribution for the amortization of the net unfunded accrued liability and a prior service amortization payment which covers the liabilities of CMERS not met by member contributions. There is also an annual administrative fee per active and retired members.

The current rate is 25.03% of the annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of the City are established and may be amended by the State Retirement Commission. The City's contributions to CMERS for the years ended June 30, 2024, 2023 and 2022 were \$1,665,364, \$1,270,407, and \$1,157,426 respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

Employee

Plan members not covered by social security are required to contribute 5% of compensation. Employees covered by social security are required to contribute 2.25% of compensation up to the social security taxable wage base plus 5% of compensation, if any, in excess of such base.

Pension liabilities (assets), pension expense, and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions

At June 30, 2024, the City reported an asset for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) in the government-wide statement of net position. The amount recognized by the City for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) was \$16,783,317 based on the City's allocation percentage of 3.629673%.

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. The changes in assumptions that affected the measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement date, were updating rates of inflation, real investment return mortality, withdrawal, disability, retirement, and salary increase to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

The City recognized its proportionate share of the collective pension expense in the amount of \$2,617,888 for the year ended June 30, 2024.

At June 30, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to CMERS pension benefits as follows:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net difference between projected and		<u> </u>	
actual earnings on plan investments	\$	1,127,520	
Change of assumptions		2,021,656	
Change in proportionate share Net difference between employers		824,250	(786,210)
expected and actual experience	_	2,564,020	(115,955)
Total	\$_	6,537,446	(902,165)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2024, Continued

Net deferred outflows and inflows of resources for pensions is amortized and recognized in the net pension expense each year as follows: K L . 4

		Net
		Pension
Year Ended		Expense
June 30,		Increase
2025	\$	1,565,181
2026		1,433,686
2027		2,135,689
2028		376,022
Thereafter	_	124,703
	\$_	5,635,281

Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liability is based upon the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation. The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 to June 30, 2017. The key actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were as follows:

> Inflation 2.50%

3.50-10.00%, including inflation Salary increase

Long-term investment rate

7.00%, net of pension plan investment of return

expense, including inflation

For the period after retirement and for dependent beneficiaries, mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Combined Mortality Table adjusted to 2006 and projected to 2015 with Scale MP-2017 and projected to 2022 with Scale BB for General Employees and the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table adjusted to 2006 and projected to 2015 with Scale MP-2017 and projected to 2022 with Scale BB for Police and Fire. For disabled retirees, the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2020 was used. The static projection produces sufficient margin in the mortality rates to reflect future improvement in actuary judgment.

Future Cost-of-Living Adjustments for members who retire on or after January 1, 2002, are 60% of the annual increase in the CPI up to 6%. The minimum annual COLA is 2.5%, and the maximum is 6%.

Long-term rate of return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using statistical analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and most recent best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2024 are summarized in the following table:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024, Continued

	Target		Long-Term Expected Real	
Asset Class	Allocation		Rate of Return	_
Global equity	37.0	%	6.9	%
Public Credit	2.0		2.9	
Core fixed income	13.0		0.4	
Liquidity fund	1.0		(0.4)	
Risk mitigation	5.0		0.1	
Private equity	15.0		11.2	
Private credit	10.0		6.1	
Real estate	10.0		6.3	
Infra. & natural resources	7.0		7.7	
Total	100.0	%		

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarial determined rates in future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the City calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the City's net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate.

	Current			
	1%	Discount	1%	
	Decrease	Rate	Increase	
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)	
Proportionate share of the net				
pension liability/(asset)	\$ 24,082,551	17,077,227	11,425,334	

Teachers' retirement

All City of Shelton Board of Education certified employees participate in the State of Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System ("TRS" or the "Plan") under Section 10.183 of the General Statutes of the State of Connecticut.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024, Continued

Plan description

Teachers, principals, superintendents, or supervisors engaged in service of public schools are provided with benefits, including retiree health insurance, through the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System – a cost sharing, multiemployer, defined benefit pension plan administered by the Teachers' Retirement Board. Title 10, Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the State Teachers' Retirement

Board ("TRB"). The State Treasurer is responsible for investing Teachers' Retirement System funds for the exclusive benefit of the TRS members.

The Teachers' Retirement System is considered to be a part of the State of Connecticut financial reporting entity and is included in the State's financial reports as a pension trust fund. Those reports may be obtained by writing to the State of Connecticut, Office of the State Comptroller, 165 Capitol Avenue, Hartford, Connecticut 06106, by calling 860-702-3480, or by visiting the State's website www.ct.gov.

Benefit provisions

The plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Employees are eligible to retire at age 60 with 20 years of credited service in Connecticut, or 35 years of credited service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

Normal Retirement: Retirement benefits for the employees are calculated as 2% of the average annual salary times years of credited service (maximum benefit is 75% of average annual salary during the 3 years of highest salary).

In addition, amounts derived from the accumulation of the 6% contributions made prior to July 1, 1989 and voluntary contributions are payable.

Early Retirement: Employees are eligible after 25 years of credited service with a minimum of 20 years of Connecticut service, or age 55 with 20 years of credited service with a minimum of 15 years of Connecticut service. Benefits are reduced for those retiring before the normal retirement age.

Minimum Benefit: Effective January 1, 1999, Public Act 98-251 provides a minimum monthly benefit of \$1,200 to teachers who retire under the normal retirement provisions and who have completed at least 25 years of full-time Connecticut service at retirement.

Disability Retirement: Employees are eligible for service-related disability benefits regardless of length of service. Five years of credited service is required for nonservice-related disability eligibility. Disability benefits are calculated as 2% per year of service times the average of the highest three years of pensionable salary, as defined per the Plan, but not less than 15%, nor more than 50%. In addition, disability benefits under this plan (without regard to cost-of-living adjustments) plus any initial award of Social Security benefits and workers' compensation cannot exceed 75% of the average annual salary.

A plan member who leaves service and has attained 10 years of service will be entitled to 100% of the accrued benefit as of the date of termination of covered employment. Benefits are payable at age 60, and early retirement deductions are based on the number of years of service the member would have had if they had continued work until age 60.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024, Continued

Pre-Retirement Death Benefit: The plan also offers a lump-sum return of contributions with interest or surviving spouse benefit depending on length of service.

Contributions

State of Connecticut

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z, (which reflects Public Act 79-436 as amended), contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut are amended and certified by the State Teachers' Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly. The contributions are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions and investment earnings, is expected to finance the costs of the benefits earned by employees during the year, with any additional amounts to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Employer (School Districts)

School district employers are not required to make contributions to the Plan.

Employees

Effective July 1, 1992, participants are required to contribute 6.00% of their pensionable salary to the pension System as required by CGS Section 10-183b (7). Effective January 1, 2018, the required contribution increased to 7.00% of pensionable salary. For the year ended June 30, 2024, \$2,781,537 mandatory contributions were deducted from the salaries of teachers who were participants in the System. The estimated covered payroll for the City was \$39,736,237.

Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses of the Plan are to be paid by the General Assembly per Section 10-183r of the Connecticut General Statutes.

Pension liabilities, pension expense, and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions

The State has a statutory requirement to pay 100% of the required plan contribution, therefore as of June 30, 2024; the City reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net pension liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows. The amount recognized by the City as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability associated with the City were as follows:

City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City	 144,013,012
Total net pension liability	\$ 144,013,012

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023. The assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 - June 30, 2019.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024, Continued

For the year ended June 30, 2024 the City has recognized, in the General Fund, intergovernmental revenue and education expenditures in the amount of \$15,100,591 as payments made by the State of Connecticut on behalf of the City for teachers' pension.

Actuarial assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increase 3.00-6.50%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.90%, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

Administrative expenses \$0 assumption as expenses are paid for by

the State of CT General Assembly

Mortality rates were based on the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table (adjusted 105% for males and 103% for females as ages 82 and above), projected generationally with MP-2019 for the period after service retirement. The PubT-2010 Disabled Retiree Table projected generationally with the MP-2019 was used for the period after disability retirement. The PubT-2010 Contingent Survivor Table projected generationally with MP-2019 and set forward 1 year for both males and females was used for survivors and beneficiaries. The PubT-2010 Employee Table projected generationally with MP-2019 was used for active members.

Future Cost-of-Living increases for teachers who retired prior to September 1, 1992, are made in accordance with increases in the Consumer Price Index, with a minimum of 3% and a maximum of 5% per annum. For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System before July 1, 2007, and retire on or after September 1, 1992, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on

January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 6% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.5%. For teachers who were members of the Teachers' Retirement System after July 1, 2007, pension benefit adjustments are made that are consistent with those provided for Social Security benefits on January 1 of the year granted, with a maximum of 5% per annum. If the return on assets in the previous year was less than 11.5%, the maximum increase is 3%, and if the return on the assets in the previous year was less than 8.5%, the maximum increase is 1.0%.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024, Continued

Long-term rate of return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation		Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	
Global Equity	37.0	%	6.8	%
Public Credit	2.0		2.9	
Core Fixed Income	13.0		0.4	
Liquidity Fund	1.0		-0.4	
Risk Mitigation	5.0		0.1	
Private Equity	15.0		11.2	
Private Credit	10.0		6.1	
Real Estate	10.0		6.2	
Infrastructure and Natural Resource	7.0		7.7	
Total	100.0%			

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that State contributions will be made at the actuarially determined rates in future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability is \$0. Any change in the discount rate would only have an effect on the amount recorded by the State of Connecticut.

Note 11 - Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan

Teachers' retirement OPEB plan

All City of Shelton Board of Education certified employees participate in the State of Connecticut Teachers' Retirement System ("TRS" or the "Plan") under Section 10.183 of the General Statutes of the State of Connecticut.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024, Continued

Plan description

Teachers, principals, superintendents, or supervisors engaged in service of public schools are provided with benefits, including retiree health insurance, through the Connecticut State Teachers' Retirement System – a cost sharing, multiemployer, defined benefit pension plan administered by the Teachers' Retirement Board. Title 10, Chapter 167a of the State Statutes grants authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the State Teachers' Retirement Board ("TRB"). The State Treasurer is responsible for investing Teachers' Retirement System funds for the exclusive benefit of the TRS members.

The Teachers' Retirement System is considered to be a part of the State of Connecticut financial reporting entity and is included in the State's financial reports as a pension trust fund. Those reports may be obtained by writing to the State of Connecticut, Office of the State Comptroller, 165 Capitol Ave, Hartford, Connecticut 06106, by calling 860-702-3480, or by visiting the State's website www.ct.gov.

Benefit provisions

The plan provides healthcare insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Any member currently receiving retirement or disability benefit through the Plan is eligible to participate in the healthcare portion of the Plan. Subsidized Local School District Coverage provides a subsidy paid to members still receiving coverage through their former employer and the TRB Sponsored Medicare Supplemental Plans provide coverage for those participating in Medicare but not receiving Subsidized Local School District Coverage.

Any member that is not currently participating in Medicare Parts A & B is eligible to continue health care coverage with their former employer. A subsidy of up to \$110 per month for a retired member plus an additional \$110 per month for a spouse enrolled in a local school district plan is provided to the school district to first offset the retiree's share of the cost of coverage, any remaining portion is used to offset the district's cost. The subsidy amount is set by statute and has not increased since July of 1996. A subsidy amount of \$220 per month may be paid for a retired member, spouse or the surviving spouse of a member who has attained the normal retirement age to participate in Medicare, is not eligible for Part A or Medicare without cost and contributes at least \$220 per month towards coverage under a local school district plan.

Any member that is currently participating in Medicare Parts A & B is eligible to either continue health care coverage with their former employer, if offered, or enroll in the plan sponsored by the System. If they elect to remain in the plan with their former employer, the same subsidies as above will be paid to offset the cost of coverage.

If a member participating in Medicare Parts A & B so elects, they may enroll in one of the CTRB Sponsored Medicare Supplemental Plans. Active members, retirees, and the State pay equally toward the cost of the basic coverage (medical and prescription drug benefits).

The choices and premiums charged as of July 1, 2023 are as follows:

- Medicare Supplement with Prescriptions
- Medicare Supplement with Prescriptions and Dental
- Medicare Supplement with Prescriptions, Dental, Vision, and Hearing Included

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024, Continued

Survivor Health Care Coverage: Survivors of former employees or retirees remain eligible to participate in the plan and continue to be eligible to receive either the \$110 monthly subsidy or participate in the TRB-Sponsored Medicare Supplemental Plans, as long as they do not remarry.

Normal Retirement: Eligible after age 60 with 20 years of credited service in Connecticut, or 35 years of credited service including at least 25 years of service in Connecticut.

Early Retirement: Eligible after 25 years of credited service with a minimum of 20 years of Connecticut service, or age 55 with 20 years of credited service with a minimum of 15 years of Connecticut service.

Proratable Retirement: Eligible after age 60 with 10 years of credited service.

Disability Retirement: Eligible after 5 years of credited service in Connecticut if not incurred in the performance of duty and no service requirement if incurred in the performance of duty.

Termination of Employment: Eligible after 10 or more years of credited service.

Contributions

State of Connecticut

Per Connecticut General Statutes Section 10-183z, (which reflects Public Act 79-436 as amended), contribution requirements of active employees and the State of Connecticut is amended and certified by the State Teachers' Retirement Board and appropriated by the General Assembly. The State pays for one third of the plan costs through an annual appropriation in the General Fund.

Employer (School Districts)

School district employers are not required to make contributions to the Plan.

Employees

The cost of providing plan benefits is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis as follows:

- Active teachers pay 1.25% of annual salaries in excess of \$500,000.
- Retired teachers pay one third of the Plan costs through monthly premiums.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, \$174,229 mandatory contributions were deducted from the salaries of active teachers who were participants in the System. The estimated covered payroll for the City was \$.39,736,237.

Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses of the Plan are to be paid by the General Assembly per Section 10-183r of the Connecticut General Statutes.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024, Continued

OPEB liabilities, OPEB expense, and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB

The State has a statutory requirement to pay 100% of the required plan contribution; therefore, as of June 30, 2024, the City reports no amounts for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, and related deferred outflows and inflows. The amount recognized by the City as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability associated with the City were as follows:

City's proportionate share of the net	
OPEB liability	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net	
OPEB liability associated with the City	13,492,042
Total net OPEB liability	\$ 13,492,042

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022. The assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2014 - June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the City has recognized, in the General Fund, intergovernmental revenue and education expenditures related to OPEB in the amount of \$824,769 as payments made by the State of Connecticut on behalf of the City for teachers' OPEB.

Actuarial assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increase	3.00-6.50%, including inflation
Long-term investment rate of return	3.00%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation
Real wage growth	0.50%
Wage inflation	3.00%
Municipal bond index rate	3.54%, (2.16% at prior measurement date)
Single equivalent interest rate	3.53% net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation (2.17% at prior measurement date)
Healthcare cost trend rates	Known increases until calendar year 2024, then general trend decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.50% by 2031
Administrative expenses	\$0 assumption as expenses are paid for by the State of CT General Assembly
Year fund net position will be	.,
depleted	2028

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024, Continued

Mortality rates were based on the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table (adjusted 105% for males and 103% for females as ages 82 and above), projected generationally with MP-2019 for the period after service retirement. The PubT-2010 Disabled Retiree Table projected generationally with the MP-2019 was used for the period after disability retirement. The PubT-2010 Contingent Survivor Table projected generationally with MP-2019 and set forward 1 year for both males and females was used for survivors and beneficiaries. The PubT-2010 Employee Table projected generationally with MP-2019 was used for active members.

Long-term rate of return

The long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The assumption is not expected to change, absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years. The target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	<u>Allocation</u>	Rate of Return
U.S. Treasuries (cash equivalents)	100.0%	3.25%

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB was 3.53%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current member contribution rate and that contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members. No future State contributions were assumed to have been made. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be depleted in 2027 and, as a result, the Municipal Bond Index Rate was used in the determination.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is \$0. Any change in the health care cost trend rate or the discount rate would only have an effect on the amount recorded by the State of Connecticut.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2024, Continued

Note 12 - Fund Balance and Net Position

Restricted Fund Balance

The City has the following restricted fund balances at June 30, 2024,

Fund	 Balance	Restriction
American Recovery Act	\$ 33,887	Federal regulation restrictions
Plumb Library	4,428,549	Donor's Intentions
Nonmajor programs	586,025	Donor's Intentions
Total	\$ 5,048,461	

Committed Fund balance

The City committed \$1,891,500 in unassigned general fund balance to be used for legal settlement and \$248,879 for specific uses.

Fund deficits

The City has the following fund deficits at June 30, 2024, and expects to eliminate the deficits in the future as follows:

Fund	_	Deficit	Plan For Elimination
Conservation and Open Space	\$	1,259	Future contributions
Summer School		221,447	Future contributions
School Rental		104,184	Future contributions
Educational Grants		282.830	Educational Grants
Police PVET Grant		885	Future grant receipts
Worker's Compensation		2,009,659	Future employer payments
Medical Insurance		5,244,881	Future employer payments
DUI Grant		35,435	Future grant receipts

Note 13 - Subsequent Events

On December 19, 2024, the City of Shelton entered into a tax-exempt note agreement with Newton Saving Bank in the amount of \$5,285,000. The funds will be used to reimburse the City of Shelton for capital projects and purchases authorized by the Board of Alderman. The note will be paid over five years by annual payments made December 15 of each year. Interest payments will be made semiannually at a fixed rate of 4.30%.

Management has evaluated events subsequent to the date of the financial statements through January 31, 2025, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. No other events have occurred subsequent to the Statement of Net Position date through January 31, 2025, that would require readjustment to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - UNAUDITED

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET) CONNECTICUT MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last Nine Fiscal Years

	_	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
City's proportion of the net pension liability		3.447406%	3.629673%	3.105665%	3.295676%	3.495627%	3.866734%	3.481790%	3.481790%	3.753945%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$_	17,077,227	16,783,317	7,316,148	11,187,259	11,362,066	10,535,204	2,672,834	1,961,193	3,158,806
City's covered payroll	\$_	6,952,645	6,653,085	5,644,365	5,598,181	5,953,782	6,071,799	5,812,452	5,323,127	5,276,705
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		245.62%	252.26%	129.62%	199.84%	190.84%	173.51%	45.98%	36.84%	59.86%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		69.54%	68.71%	82.59%	71.18%	72.69%	73.60%	91.68%	88.29%	92.72%

Changes in benefit terms None

Changes in assumptions None

$\label{eq:methods} \mbox{Methods and assumptions used to determine}$

contribution rate:

Actuarial cost method Entry age
Amortization method Level dollar, closed

Single equivalent amortization period 18 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market (20% write up)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - UNAUDITED

SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS CONNECTICUT MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM Last Nine Fiscal Years

		2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Contractually required contribution	\$	1711425	1,665,364	1,270,407	1,157,426	932,980	1,027,956	984,048	914,347	790,450
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	-	1711425	1,665,364	1,270,407	1,157,426	932,980	1,027,956	984,048	914,347	790,450
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$									
City's covered payroll	\$ _	6,952,645	6,653,085	5,644,365	5,598,181	5,953,782	6,071,799	5,812,452	6,103,787	5,276,705
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		24.62%	25.03%	22.51%	20.68%	15.67%	16.93%	16.93%	14.98%	14.98%

Notes to Schedule

The actuarially determined contributions in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of June 30 each biennium for the fiscal years ending two and three years after the valuation date.

Changes in benefit terms None

Changes in assumptions None

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rate:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level dollar, closed

Single equivalent amortization period 18 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market (20% write up)

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increase 3.50-10.00%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.00%, net of investment related expense

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - UNAUDITED

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY-TEACHERS' RETIREMENT PLAN

Last Nine Fiscal Years

	_	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
City's proportion of the net pension liability	_	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the City (thousands)	_	144,013	156,238_	131,739	166,335	154,855_	119,402_	118,187_	124,688_	95,054
Total	\$_	144,013	156,238	131,739	166,335	154,855	119,402	118,187	124,688	95,054
City's covered payroll	\$	37,332,959	39,736,237	38,631,032	36,758,643	36,758,643	37,696,000	36,700,000	36,364,599	31,569,440
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		58.39%	54.06%	60.77%	49.24%	52.00%	57.69%	55.93%	52.26%	59.50%

Notes to Schedule

Changes in benefit terms In 2022, legislation was passed restoring the 25% wear down of Plan N benefits

to vested members as of June 30, 2019.

Changes in assumptions None

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rate:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percent of salary closed, grading to a level dollar amortization method for June 30,2024 valuation

Single equivalent amortization period 27.8 years

Asset valuation method 4-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increase 3.00-6.50%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 6.90%, net of investment related expense, including inflation

Administrative expenses \$0 assumption as expenses are paid

for by the General Assembly

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - UNAUDITED

SCHEDULE OF THE CITY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHERS' RETIREMENT PLAN

Last Six Fiscal Years

	_	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
City's proportion of the net OPEB liability	_	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	-	-	-	-	-	-
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the City	_	13,492,042	13,682,878	14,352,712	24,808,903	23,869,248	23,869,248
Total	\$ _	13,492,042	13,682,878	14,352,712	24,808,903	23,869,248	23,869,248
City's covered payroll	\$ _	37,332,959	39,736,237	38,631,032	36,758,643	36,758,643	37,696,000
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability		11.92%	9.46%	6.11%	2.50%	208%	1.49%
Notes to Oslandula							

Notes to Schedule

Changes in benefit terms In June 2022, There was a change in the maximum monthly subsidy amounts offered to retirees and

their dependents from \$110/\$220 to \$220/\$440.

Changes in assumptions The single equivalent interest rate was updated to 3.53% as of June 30, 2022.

The expected annual per capita claims cost were updated to reflect anticipated medical and prescription drug claim experience; The assumed age related annual percentage increases in expected annual per capita health care claim costs were updated;

Long-term health care cost trend rates were updated: and

The percentages of participating retirees who are expected to enroll in the Medicare Supplement Plan and the Medicare Advantage Plan

options were updated to better reflect anticipated plan experience.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rate:

Actuarial cost method Entry age

Amortization method Level percent of payroll
Amortization period 30 years, open
Asset valuation method Market value of assets

 Inflation
 2.50%

 Real Wage Growth
 0.50%

 Wage inflation
 3.00%

Salary increase 3.00-6.50%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 3.00%, net of investment related expense, including inflation

GENERAL FUND REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts - Budgetary	Variance With Final Budget Positive/
	-	Original	Final	Basis	(Negative)
Property taxes:	-	Original	T IIIGI	Bacio	(i togalito)
Current years' levy	\$	105,966,161	105,966,161	105,557,079	(409,082)
Prior years' levies	#	970.000	970.000	780,801	(189,199)
Interest and penalties		475,000	475,000	668,787	193.787
Statutory refunds		(200,000)	(200,000)	(95,396)	104,604
Personal property tax audits		150,000	150,000	47,786	(102,214)
Total property taxes	\$	107,361,161	107,361,161	106,959,057	(402,104)
	_				
Intergovernmental:					
State grants for education	\$	6,966,098	6,966,098	6,978,692	12,594
Other state grants	_	880,521	880,521	1,572,810	692,289
Total intergovernmental	\$_	7,846,619	7,846,619	8,551,502	704,883
Charges for services:					
Licenses and permits	\$	2,394,300	2,394,300	1,977,601	(416,699)
Charges for services		5,069,000	5,069,000	5,462,641	393,641
Fines and forfeits		12,500	12,500	22,810	10,310
Total charges for services	\$_	7,475,800	7,475,800	7,463,052	(12,748)
Investment income	\$_	400,000	400,000	1,586,252	1,186,252
Miscellaneous revenues	\$_	1,950,192	1,950,192	1,634,403	(315,789)
	_	_		_	_
Total revenues	\$_	125,033,772	125,033,772	126,194,266	1,160,494
Other financing sources:					
Appropriation of fund balance	\$	6,100,000	6,100,000	5,237,075	(862,925)
Transfer from insurance reserve	•	500,000	1,300,000	1,300,000	-
Total other financing sources	\$	6,600,000	7,400,000	6,537,075	(862,925)
Total revenue & other financing sources	\$_	131,633,772	132,433,772	132,731,341	297,569

GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES - BUDGETARY BASIS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts - Budgetary	Variance With Final Budget Positive/
	_	Original	Final	Basis	(Negative)
General government:	_	<u> </u>			
Administrative	\$	753,376	753,376	602,052	151,324
Employee resources	•	7,709,356	9,484,563	9,621,455	(136,892)
Legislative		168,437	180,508	180,508	, ,
Board of Ethics		600	600		600
Elections		172,322	198,464	198,464	
Inland wetlands		109,464	109,464	59,718	49,746
Economic development committee		69,801	69,801	53,521	16,280
Economic development		128,000	128,002	128,002	
Planning and zoning		585,139	585,139	484,585	100,554
Probate court		14,700	14,700	10,036	4,664
Elected/appointed officials		18,450	18,450	15,000	3,450
Conservation commission		79,983	79,983	65,152	14,831
City/Town clerk		467,730	467,730	379,122	88,608
Drug and alcohol commission		-	-	-	-
Appeals board		200	200	-	200
Zoning appeals board		24,540	24,540	13,506	11,034
Legal services corporate counsel		242,270	242,270	230,831	11,439
Management information systems		500,870	500,870	401,340	99,530
Assessor		646,380	530,403	517,007	13,396
Tax collector		356,725	356,725	334,048	22,677
Purchasing		396,817	279,593	216,220	63,373
Public risk management		2,308,871	2,151,358	2,146,094	5,264
Accounting and control		680,926	680,926	633,679	47,247
Miscellaneous		1,631,300	1,303,199	1,295,459	7,740
Contingency	. —	175,000	175,000	105,945	69,055
Total general government	\$_	17,241,257	18,335,864	17,691,744	644,120
Public safety:					
Public safety and energy services	\$	129,909	129,909	88,352	41,557
EMS commission	•	111,231	111,231	106,729	4,502
Fire marshal		334,196	334,196	289,134	45,062
Animal control		350,300	350,300	301,655	48,645
Fire department		1,196,425	1,196,425	986,361	210,064
Police department		8,418,535	7,443,328	7,202,121	241,207
Total public safety	\$	10,540,596	9,565,389	8,974,352	591,037
Public works:					
	φ	405,019	405,019	264 440	42 604
Building department Highways and bridges	\$	3,889,403	•	361,418 3,201,241	43,601 421,636
Road repair		25,000	3,622,877 25,000	22,418	2,582
Public works director		78,702	78,702	72,433	6,269
Engineering		76,702 441,450	76,702 441,450	72,433 277,211	164,239
Tree warden		135,175	96,962	59,975	36,987
Recycling program		47,302	47,302	40,427	6,875
Sanitation		3,093,548	3,093,548	2,976,547	117,001
Total public works	\$_	8,115,599	7,810,860	7,011,670	799,190
. Otal pasilo monto	Ψ_	5,110,000	1,010,000	7,011,070	7 00, 100

GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES - BUDGETARY BASIS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Ye	ar Ended	June 30	0, 2024
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		Dood oo daad	A	Actual Amounts -	Variance With Final Budget
	_	Budgeted	Final	Budgetary Basis	Positive/
Health and welfare:	_	Original	rillai	Dasis	(Negative)
	•	004.055	004.055	044.055	40.000
Public health	\$_	321,055	321,055	311,055	10,000
Total health and welfare	\$_	321,055	321,055	311,055	10,000
Culture and recreation:					
Recreation	\$	1,796,596	1,796,596	1,736,753	59,843
Senior center		449,585	449,585	370,203	79,382
Youth service bureau		237,861	237,861	160,193	77,668
Library		1,260,767	1,260,767	1,220,936	39,831
Community development		92,350	92,350	44,439	47,911
Outside agency contributions		390,210	390,867	386,592	4,275
Total culture and recreation	\$_	4,227,369	4,228,026	3,919,116	308,910
Education:					
Board of Education	\$	77,259,538	78,325,007	78,258,917	66,090
Shelton bus transportation	Ψ	3,395,000	3,551,905	3,551,905	00,000
Total education	\$_	80,654,538	81,876,912	81,810,822	66,090
Other:					
Utilities	\$	2,889,220	2,541,907	2,515,297	26,610
Municipal property maintenance	Φ		2,541,907 1,737,596		144,442
Total other	\$	1,737,596 4,626,816	4,279,503	1,593,154 4,108,451	171,052
i otai otilei	Φ_	4,020,010	4,279,505	4,100,431	17 1,052
Debt service:					
Principal	\$	4,344,659	4,344,659	4,335,207	9,452
Interest		140,343	249,964	259,688	(9,724)
W.P.C.A. transfer		1,151,020	1,151,020	1,151,019	1
Capital leases		270,520	270,520	270,519	1
Total debt service	\$_	5,906,542	6,016,163	6,016,433	(270)
Total expenditures and financial uses	\$_	131,633,772	132,433,772	129,843,643	2,590,129

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2024

	Special Revenue					
		Town Road Aid	Conservation and Open Space	Street Opening and Final Patch	Valley Street Crime B	
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables, net Due from other funds Inventory	\$	147,342 8,290 53,933		115,736	44,166	
Total assets	\$	209,565		115,736	44,166	
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Payments in advance Due to other funds	\$		1,259			
Total liabilities	\$		1,259	<u> </u>		
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable receipts	\$					
Fund balance (deficits): Nonspendable Restricted for: Donor's intentions	\$					
Committed for: Specific purposes Assigned Unassigned		209,565	(1,259)	115,736	44,166	
Total fund balance (deficits)	\$	209,565	(1,259)	115,736_	44,166	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances (deficits)	\$	209,565		115,736	44,166	

Special Revenue						
Emergency Medical Service Training	Police Seizure Fund	Surface Transportation	Gristmill Lane Maintenance	Asset Seizure Account	NIP Fees	Affordable Housing Grant
4,443	3,965	514	1,879		66,176	10,575
				60,829		
4,443	3,965	514	1,879	60,829	66,176	10,575
	586					
	586					
<u> </u>						
					-	-
	3,379			60,829	66,176	
4,443		514	1,879			10,575
4,443	3,379	514	1,879	60,829	66,176	10,575
4,443	3,965	514	1,879	60,829	66,176	10,575

(Continued)

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, (Continued) June 30, 2024

	Special Revenue					
		LoCIP Fund	Pine Rock	Pine Rock Improvements	Adult Education	
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investment Receivables, net Due from other funds	\$	451,650	292,257	6,481	113,712	
Inventory	_					
Total assets	\$	451,650	292,257	6,481	113,712	
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Advanced from other funds Due to other funds	\$	410,621			10,524	
Total liabilities	\$_	410,621			10,524	
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Unavailable receipts	\$_	<u> </u>				
Fund balance (deficits): Nonspendable Restricted for: Donor's intentions Committed for:	\$	41,029	292,257			
Specific purposes Assigned Unassigned				6,481	103,188	
Total fund balance (deficits)	\$_	41,029	292,257	6,481	103,188	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances (deficits)	\$	451,650	292,257	6,481	113,712	

Special Revenue						
Small Cities Grant	Trails Committee	Sewer Assessments	One Time Use Grant	CRRA Consent Order	Opiods Settlement	Concession Stand
57,756	5,322	77,690 1,939	1,431	140,039	114,969	7,083
57,756	5,322	79,629	1,431	140,039	114,969	7,083
		13,657				
		13,657				
		1,939				
57,756						
	5,322	64,033	1,431	140,039	114,969	7,083
57,756	5,322	64,033	1,431	140,039	114,969	7,083
57,756	5,322	79,629	1,431	140,039	114,969	7,083

(Continued)

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, (Continued) June 30, 2024

		Special Revenue				
		DUI Grant	Senior Center	Homeland Security Grant		
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables, net Due from other funds Inventory	\$		66,296			
Total assets	\$		66,296			
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Advanced from other funds	\$					
Due to other funds	_	35,435		26,236		
Total liabilities	\$	35,435		26,236		
Deferred inflows of resources: Unavailable receipts	\$	<u>-</u> _				
Fund balance (deficits): Nonspendable Restricted for: Donor's intentions Committed for:	\$					
Specific purposes Assigned Unassigned		(35,435)	66,296	(26,236)		
Total fund balance (deficits)	\$	(35,435)	66,296	(26,236)		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances (deficits)	\$		66,296			

		5	Special Revenue		
Recreation Path Grants	COPS TECH Earmark	Housatonic River Estuary	Dog Fund	School Lunch	Educational Grants
969	79,639	2,066	1,729	840,727	250,000
				188,371	502,512
				53,988	
969	79,639	2,066	1,729	1,083,086	752,512
				94,401	48,114 987,228
<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	94,401	1,035,342
<u> </u>			<u>-</u>		
-				53,988	
-					
969	79,639	2,066	1,729	934,697	(282,830)
969	79,639	2,066	1,729	988,685	(282,830)
969	79,639	2,066	1,729	1,083,086	752,512

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, (Continued) June 30, 2024

		,	Special Revenue		
		Tech Repair	Summer School	School Rental	Comp Voice Stress Analyzer
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables, net Due from other funds Inventory	\$	25,570	62,065	89,173	1,121
Total assets	\$_	25,570	62,065	89,173	1,121
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Advanced from other funds	\$				
Due to other funds	_		283,512	193,357	
Total liabilities	\$_	<u>-</u>	283,512	193,357	<u>-</u> _
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Unavailable receipts	\$_	<u>-</u>			
Fund balance (deficits): Nonspendable Restricted for: Donor's intentions Committed for:	\$	25,570			
Specific use Assigned Unassigned			(221,447)	(104,184)	1,121
Total fund balance (deficits)	\$_	25,570	(221,447)	(104,184)	1,121
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances (deficits)	\$_	25,570	62,065	89,173	1,121

0	-:-1	D		
Spec	Jiai	Rev	/en	ue

	ა	peciai Revenue			
Other Education Programs	Youth Services	Town Clerk	Conservation Commission	Police PVET Grant	Special Revenue Funds
39,314	5,512	257,527	999		2,934,243 1,939
	97,568	49,840			699,173 713,820 53,988
39,314	103,080	307,367	999		4,403,163
				885	119,168 458,735 1,527,912
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u> _		885	2,105,815
<u> </u>					1,939
					53,988
					546,996
39,314	103,080	307,367	999	(885)	248,879 2,091,586 (646,040)
39,314	103,080	307,367	999	(885)	2,295,409
39,314	103,080	307,367	999		4,403,163

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, (Continued) June 30, 2024

	Permanent Funds					
		Edward C. Finn Scholarship	David Clark Scholarship	Paul Gerst Memorial	Lucy Beard	
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables, net Due from other funds Inventory	\$	1,751	678	739	1,334	
Total assets	\$_	1,751	678	739	1,334	
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Advanced from other funds Due to other funds	_					
Total liabilities	\$_			<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Unavailable receipts	\$_	<u>-</u>				
Fund balance (deficits): Nonspendable Restricted for: Donor's intentions Committed for: Specific use Assigned Unassigned	\$	1,751	678	739	1,334	
Total fund balance (deficits)	\$_	1,751	678	739	1,334	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances (deficits)	\$_	1,751	678	739	1,334	

P	er	m	ar	ıeı	nt	F	un	d	٤
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)	rermanent runus	_
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Permanent Funds	Mary & Charles Lavietes Memorial	War Memorial Scholarship	Hanson Edwards Legacy
2,973,272	39,029	492	32,966	1,069
1,939	-			
699,173 713,820	-			
53,988	-			
4,442,192	39,029	492	32,966	1,069
119,168	-			
458,735	-			
1,527,912				
2,105,815	- _		- _	- _
1,939				
53,988	-			
586,025	39,029	492	32,966	1,069
248,879	_			
2,091,586	-			
(646,040)	-			
2,334,438	39,029	492	32,966	1,069
4,442,192	39,029	492	32,966	1,069

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Special Revenue					
		Town Road Aid	Conservation and Open Space	Street Opening and Final Patch	Valley Street Crime B	
Revenues: Intergovernmental Charges for services Investment income Other	\$	504,250 489	11,260	15,930 326	128	
Total revenues	\$	504,739	11,260	16,256	128	
Expenditures: Public safety Public works Culture and recreation Education Other	\$	850,678			1,000	
Total expenditures	\$	850,678	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	1,000	
Revenue over (under) expenditures	\$	(345,939)	11,260	16,256	(872)	
Other financing sources: Transfer in from other funds Transfer out from other funds	\$					
Total other financing sources	\$					
Changes in fund balances (deficits)	\$	(345,939)	11,260	16,256	(872)	
Fund balances (deficits) - beginning		555,504	(12,519)	99,480	45,038	
Fund balances (deficits) - ended	\$	209,565	(1,259)	115,736	44,166	

Special Revenue

		opeciai itevenae			
Police Seizure Fund	Surface Transportation	Gristmill Lane Maintenance	Asset Seizure Account	NIP Fees	Affordable Housing Grant
1,799	-	-	6,751	98,393	15,000
2,494	2	5		183	30
4,293	2	5	6,751	98,576	15,030
2,494				32,400	4,455
2,494				32,400	4,455
1,799	2	5	6,751	66,176	10,575
1,799	2	5	6,751	66,176	10,575
1,580	512	1,874	54,078		
3,379	514	1,879	60,829	66,176	10,575
	Seizure Fund 1,799 2,494 4,293 2,494 2,494 1,799 1,799 1,580	Police Seizure Fund Surface Transportation 1,799 - 2,494 2 4,293 2 2,494 - 1,799 2 1,799 2 1,580 512	Police Seizure Fund Surface Transportation Gristmill Lane Maintenance 1,799 - - 2,494 2 5 4,293 2 5 2,494 - - 1,799 2 5 1,799 2 5 1,780 512 1,874	Police Seizure Fund Surface Transportation Gristmill Lane Maintenance Asset Seizure Account 1,799 - - 6,751 2,494 2 5 4,293 2 5 6,751 2,494 - - - 1,799 2 5 6,751 1,799 2 5 6,751 1,799 2 5 6,751 1,580 512 1,874 54,078	Police Seizure Fund Surface Transportation Gristmill Lane Maintenance Asset Seizure Account NIP Fees 1,799 - - 6,751 98,393 2,494 2 5 183 4,293 2 5 6,751 98,576 2,494 - - - 32,400 1,799 2 5 6,751 66,176 - - - - - 1,799 2 5 6,751 66,176 1,580 512 1,874 54,078 -

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Special Revenue					
		LoCIP Fund	Pine Rock	Pine Rock Improvement	Adult Education	
Revenues: Intergovernmental Charges for services Investment income Other	\$	483,166		19	954,585 9,247	
Total revenues	\$	483,166		19	963,832	
Expenditures: Public safety Public works Culture and recreation Education Other	\$	442,137			964,919	
Total expenditures	\$	442,137	<u> </u>		964,919	
Revenue over (under) expenditures	\$	41,029		19_	(1,087)	
Other financing sources: Transfer in from other funds Transfer out from other funds	\$					
Total other financing sources	\$	<u> </u>				
Changes in fund balances (deficits)	\$	41,029		19	(1,087)	
Fund balances (deficits) - beginning			292,257	6,462	104,275	
Fund balances (deficits) - ended	\$	41,029	292,257	6,481	103,188	

Special Revenue
Ono

			Special Revenue			
Small Cities Grant	Trails Committee	Sewer Assessment	One Time Use Grant	CRRA Consent Order	Opioids Settlement	Concession Stand
164	15	324		399	230 114,739	26 17,018
164_	15_	324		399	114,969_	17,044
						1,729
						8,232
						9,961
164_	15_	324		399	114,969	7,083
164	15	324		399	114,969	7,083
57,592	5,307	63,709	1,431	139,640		
57,756	5,322	64,033	1,431	140,039	114,969	7,083

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Special Revenue				
		DUI Grant	Senior Center	Homeland Security Grant	Recreation Path Grants
Revenues: Intergovernmental Charges for services	\$				
Investment income Other			1,182 636		
Total revenues	\$	<u> </u>	1,818	<u>-</u>	3
Expenditures: Public safety Public works Culture and recreation	\$		6,750		
Education Other	_	112			
Total expenditures	\$	112	6,750		
Revenue over (under) expenditures	\$	(112)	(4,932)	-	3
Other financing sources: Transfer in from other funds Transfer out from other funds	\$				
Total other financing sources	\$		<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	
Changes in fund balances (deficits)	\$	(112)	(4,932)		3
Fund balances (deficits) - beginning		(35,323)	71,228	(26,236)	966
Fund balances (deficits) - ended	\$	(35,435)	66,296	(26,236)	969

Specia	I Day	m	
Specia	пкеч	ven	ue

COPS TECH Earmark	Housatonic River Estuary	Dog Fund	School Lunch	Educational Grants
227	5	32	1,373,209 1,579,724	4,001,696
227	5	32	2,952,933	4,001,696
			2,660,811	4,443,442
			2,660,811	4,443,442
227	5	32	292,122	(441,746)
227	5	32	292,122	(441,746)
79,412	2,061	1,697	696,563	158,916
79,639	2,066	1,729	988,685	(282,830)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	_	Special Revenue					
		Tech Repair	Summer School	School Rental			
Revenues: Intergovernmental Charges for services Investment income Other	\$	43,888	20,694 151	123,254 62			
Total revenues	\$	43,888	20,845	123,316			
Expenditures: Public safety Public works	\$						
Culture and recreation Education Other	_	60,038	88,333	61,006			
Total expenditures	\$	60,038	88,333	61,006			
Revenue over (under) expenditures	\$	(16,150)	(67,488)	62,310			
Other financing sources: Transfer in from other funds Transfer out from other funds	\$						
Total other financing sources	\$	<u> </u>	<u> </u>				
Changes in fund balances (deficits)	\$	(16,150)	(67,488)	62,310			
Fund balances (deficits) - beginning		41,720	(153,959)	(166,494)			
Fund balances (deficits) - ended	\$	25,570	(221,447)	(104,184)			

Special	l Revenue
Specia	ı neveliue

			Special Revenue			
Comp Voice Stress Analyzer	Other Education Programs	Youth Services	Town Clerk	Conservation Commission	Police PVET Grant	Special Revenue Funds
33	95 763	25 37 23,378	4,001 144,416	15 144		7,438,849 1,804,022 10,526 301,258
33	858	23,440	148,417	159_		9,554,655
- - -		8,230	122,508			859,908 566,374 6,750
- -	393	3,155				8,278,942 50,848
	393	11,385	122,508			9,762,822
33	465	12,055	25,909	159_		(208,167)
						_
33	465	12,055	25,909	159		(208,167)
1,088	38,849	91,025	281,458	840	(885)	2,503,576
1,121	39,314	103,080	307,367	999	(885)	2,295,409

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS, (Continued) For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Permanent Funds				
		Edward C. Finn Scholarship	David Clark Scholarship	Paul Gerst Memorial	Lucy Beard
Revenues: Intergovernmental Charges for services Investment income	\$	20		42	
Other	_	30			
Total revenues	\$_	30	12_	13_	23
Expenditures: Public safety Public works Culture and recreation Education Other	\$				
Total expenditures	\$_	<u>-</u>			
Revenue over (under) expenditures	\$_	30	12_	13_	23
Other financing sources: Transfer in from other funds Transfer out from other funds	\$				
Total other financing sources	\$_	<u>-</u>			
Changes in fund balances (deficits)	\$	30	12	13	23
Fund balances (deficits) - beginning	_	1,721	666	726	1,311
Fund balances (deficits) - ended	\$_	1,751	678	739	1,334

Permanent Funds

			r ermanem r unus	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Permanent Funds	Mary & Charles Lavietes Memorial	War Memorial Scholarship	Hanson Edwards Legacy
7,438,849 1,804,022 11,216 301,258	690	9	584	19
9,555,345	690	9	584	19_
859,908 566,374 7,750 8,278,942 50,848	- 1,000 - 		1,000	
9,763,822	1,000		1,000	<u> </u>
(208,477)	(310)	9	(416)	19_
			<u> </u>	
(208,477)	(310)	9	(416)	19
2,542,915	39,339	483_	33,382	1,050
2,334,438	39,029	492	32,966	1,069

W.P.C.A.
COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET FUND POSITION
For The Year Ended June 30, 2024

•		Operating	Capital Reserve	Total
Assets:				
Current assets:	•			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	00.005	04.500	-
Receivables, net of allowance		38,225	61,560	99,785
Due from other funds		81,992	2,806,262	2,888,254
Total current assets	\$	120,217	2,867,822	2,988,039
Noncurrent assets:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated	\$	462,669		462,669
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	•	32,842,469		32,842,469
Total noncurrent assets	\$	33,305,138	_	33,305,138
	·			
Total assets	\$	33,425,355	2,867,822	36,293,177
Liabilities:				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	471,544		471,544
Due to other funds	Ψ	47 1,044		-11,0
Payments in advance		166,469		166,469
Notes payable - current		1,071,009		1,071,009
Total current liabilities	\$	1,709,022		1,709,022
Total current nabilities	Ψ	1,709,022	<u>-</u>	1,709,022
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Notes payable, less current portion	\$	3,418,618		3,418,618
Total noncurrent liabilities	\$	3,418,618		3,418,618
Total liabilities	\$	5,127,640		5,127,640
Net position:				
Invested in capital assets, net of				
related debt	\$	28,815,511		28,815,511
Unrestricted	*	(517,796)	2,867,822	2,350,026
		(0,.00)		
Total net position	\$	28,297,715	2,867,822	31,165,537

W.P.C.A. COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET FUND POSITION For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Operating	Capital Reserve	Total
Operating revenues:	_	Operating	11000110	Total
Charges for services	\$	3,067,933		3,067,933
Other revenues	Ψ	16,850	240,061	256,911
Total operating revenues	\$_	3,084,783	240,061	3,324,844
Operating expenses:				
Salaries and benefits	\$	1,424,189		1,424,189
Materials and supplies		142,497		142,497
Utilities		430,586		430,586
Depreciation		1,603,870		1,603,870
Administration and operation		1,442,333	85,793	1,528,126
Total operating expenses	\$_	5,043,475	85,793	5,129,268
Operating income	\$	(1,958,692)	154,268	(1,804,424)
Nonoperating revenues (expense):				
Interest expense	\$	(101,200)		(101,200)
Total nonoperating revenues (expense)	\$	(101,200)	<u>-</u>	(101,200)
Transfers to (from) other funds:				
Transfers from general fund - debt	\$	1,151,019		1,151,019
Transfers to capital reserve		(282,117)	282,117	
Total transfers to (from) other funds	\$	868,902	282,117	1,151,019
Changes in fund net position	\$	(1,190,990)	436,385	(754,605)
Fund net position - beginning	_	29,488,705	2,431,437	31,920,142
Fund net position - ending	\$	28,297,715	2,867,822	31,165,537

W.P.C.A REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES - BUDGETARY BASIS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

				Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget
		Budgeted	Amounts	Budgetary	Positive/
	_	Original	Final	Basis	(Negative)
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	3,490,463	3,490,463	3,067,933	(422,530)
Miscellaneous		1,000	1,000	16,850	15,850
Total operating revenues	\$	3,491,463	3,491,463	3,084,783	(406,680)
Operating expenses:					
Salaries and benefits	\$	1,429,173	1,429,173	1,424,189	(4,984)
Supplies and chemicals		151,888	151,888	142,497	(9,391)
Utilities		431,000	431,000	430,586	(414)
Administration and operation		1,479,402	1,479,402	1,517,333	37,931_
Total operating expenses	\$_	3,491,463	3,491,463	3,514,605	23,142
Total operating income, budgetary basis	\$_			(429,822)	
	Beg	inning operating	fund balance	119,143	
	Tranfser surplus reserve to capital			(207,117)	
	End	ed operating fun	d balance	\$(517,796)	

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET FUND POSITION June 30, 2023

	_	Workers' Compensation Fund	Medical Insurance Fund	Total
Assets:				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$			-
Investments			596,315	596,315
Other receivables			411,643	411,643
Due from other funds	_		277,755	277,755
Total assets	\$_	<u>-</u>	1,285,713	1,285,713
Liabilities:				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$	7,913		7,913
Due to other funds		3,047,568	1,711,643	4,759,211
Total current liabilities	\$ _	3,055,481	1,711,643	4,767,124
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Claims incurred but not reported	\$	2,189,400	1,583,729	3,773,129
Claims incarred but not reported	Ψ_	2,100,100	1,000,720	0,110,120
Total liabilities	\$_	5,244,881	3,295,372	8,540,253
Net position:				
Unrestricted	\$_	(5,244,881)	(2,009,659)	(7,254,540)
Total net position	\$_	(5,244,881)	(2,009,659)	(7,254,540)

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET FUND POSITION For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Workers' Compensation Fund	Medical Insurance Fund	Total
Operating revenues:		<u> </u>		
Employer contribution	\$	1,350,000	14,460,525	15,810,525
Employee contribution				-
Other	_			
Total operating revenues	\$_	1,350,000	14,460,525	15,810,525
Operating expenses:				
Administrative	\$	189,288		189,288
Salaries, benefits, and claims	_	2,150,270	15,343,016	17,493,286
Total operating expenses	\$_	2,339,558	15,343,016	17,682,574
		/		
Operating income (loss)	\$_	(989,558)	(882,491)	(1,872,049)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):				
Net gain(loss) on investments	\$_	<u>-</u>	34,027	34,027
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$_		34,027	34,027
Changes in fund net position	\$	(989,558)	(848,464)	(1,838,022)
Fund not position beginning		(4 055 202)	(1 161 105)	(E 116 E10)
Fund net position, beginning	-	(4,255,323)	(1,161,195)	(5,416,518)
Fund net position, ended	\$_	(5,244,881)	(2,009,659)	(7,254,540)

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS June 30, 2023

	_	Workers' Compensation Fund	Medical Insurance Fund	Total
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers and users Payments for benefits Net cash provided by (used in)	\$_	1,350,000 (1,350,000)	14,563,391 (14,597,418)	15,913,391 (15,947,418)
operating activities	\$_		(34,027)	(34,027)
Cash flows from noncapital and related financing activities:				
Transfers in and payments made through governmental activities Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital	\$_			
and related financing activities	\$_			
Cash flows from investing activities:	•		04.007	04.007
Interest received on investments Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	\$_ \$		34,027 34,027	34,027 34.027
, , , , ,	· <u> </u>	_		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$			
Cash equivalents	Ψ			
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning	_			
Cash and cash equivalents, ended	\$_			
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: Change in net fund position Adjustment to reconcile operating income to	\$	(989,558)	(882,491)	(1,872,049)
net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Change in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in other receivables			136,893	136,893
(Increase) decrease in investments			(34,027)	(34,027)
(Decrease) increase in interfund payable (Decrease) increase in claims payable		821,625 167,933	1,163,108 (417,510)	1,984,733 (249,577)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and	_	107,933	(417,310)	(248,577)
cash equivalents	\$_		(34,027)	(34,027)

CUSTODIAL ACCOUNTS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2024

Assets:	 rvicemen's Christmas Fund	DWI Fund	Dog Pound Trust Fund	Police Department Pistol Range
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,716	452	2,249	1,086
Total assets	\$ 11,716	452	2,249	1,086
Liabilities:				
Due to other funds	\$ 			
Total liabilities	\$ 			
Net position:				
Held in deposit for employees	\$ 		2,249	1,086
Held in deposit for contractors Held in deposit for organizations Held in deposit for students	 11,716	452		
Total net position	\$ 11,716	452	2,249	1,086

Municipal Parking Lot Improvements	Shelton Park Commission	Gazebo Fund	Project D.A.R.E.	Youth Service Bureau	Constitution Park Donations	Local Schools	Student Activity	Special Response Team
1,458	3,146	64,259	55	837	6,064	2,223	453,619	2,853
1,458	3,146	64,259	55	837	6,064	2,223	453,619	2,853
		85_						
		85						
		64,174		837				2 052
1,458	3,146	04,174	55	637	6,064	2,223	453,619	2,853
1,458	3,146	64,174	55	837	6,064	2,223	453,619	2,853

CUSTODIAL ACCOUNTS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2024

Assets:	O Smith Police quipment	Anti- Blight	Shelton Dog Park	Animal Shelter Donations	Argraves AHO
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,078	52,694	68	120,234	6,708
Total assets	\$ 7,078	52,694	68_	120,234	6,708
Liabilities:					
Due to other funds	\$ 				
Total liabilities	\$ -				
Net position:					
Held in deposit for employees	\$ 7,078	F0 C04		120,234	
Held in deposit for contractors Held in deposit for organizations Held in deposit for students	 	52,694	68		6,708
Total net position	\$ 7,078	52,694	68	120,234	6,708

Security	Lane Street	SWEROC	Sewer Escrows	Reservoir Associates	Union Highway Pension Escrow	Turro Sewer Assessment	P and Z Developer Bonds	Total
4,234	24,007	2,157	1,645	86,283	9,790	7,471	503,944	1,376,330
4,234	24,007	2,157	1,645	86,283	9,790	7,471	503,944	1,376,330
							1,414	1,499
							1,414	1,499
4,234	24,007	2,157	1,645	86,283	9,790	7,471	502,530	710,831 68,212 142,169 453,619
4,234	24,007	2,157	1,645	86,283	9,790	7,471	502,530	1,374,831

CUSTODIAL ACCOUNTS
COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	_	ervicemen's Christmas Fund	DWI Fund	Dog Pound Trust Fund	Police Department Pistol Range	Municipal Parking Lot Improvements
Additions:						
Contributions	\$					
Other	_					
Total contributions	\$	<u> </u>				
Investment earnings: Net (decrease) in fair value	\$					
Interest and dividends	•	202	8	39	19	25
Less: investment expense						
Total investment earnings	\$_	202	8	39	19	25
Deductions: Other Total deductions	\$ \$	<u>-</u> -	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	
Change in net position	\$	202	8	39	19	25
Net position - beginning		11,514	444	2,210	1,067_	1,433_
Net position - ended	\$_	11,716	452	2,249	1,086	1,458

Shelton Park Commission	Gazebo Fund	Project D.A.R.E.	Youth Services Bureau Donation	Constitution Park Donations	Local Schools	Student Activity	Special Response Team
		-	-	-	-	-	-
	6,400			105_		915,072	49
	6,400			105		915,072	49
54	939		15		38		
54	939	_	15	_	38	_	_
<u> </u>	6,860 6,860	<u> </u>		<u>-</u> _		970,658 970,658	
54	479	-	15	105	38	(55,586)	49
3,092	63,695	55_	822	5,959	2,185	509,205	2,804
3,146	64,174	55_	837	6,064	2,223	453,619	2,853

PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	O Smith Police Equipment	Anti- Blight	Shelton Dog Park	Animal Shelter Donations	Argraves AHO
Additions:					
Contributions					-
Other	4,325_			14,438_	6,592_
Total contributions	4,325			14,438	6,592
Investment earnings: Net (decrease) in fair value					
Interest and dividends Less: investment expense	88	909	2	1,953	116
Total investment earnings	88	909	2	1,953	116
Deductions:					
Other	2,000	-	-		
Total deductions	2,000	_	_	_	_
Change in net position	2,413	909	2	16,391	6,708
Net position - beginning	4,665	51,785	66	103,843	
Net position - ending	7,078	52,694	68	120,234	6,708

Security	Lane Street	SWEROC	Sewer Escrows	Reservoir Associates	Union Highway Pension Escrow	Turro Sewer Assessment	P and Z Developer Bonds	Total
<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u> _	<u>=</u>	<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u> _	3,016	949,997
73	414	37	29	1,487	169	129	1,461	8,206
		<u>-</u>						979,518 979,518
73	414	37	29	1,487	169	129	4,477	(21,315)
4,161	23,593	2,120	1,616	84,796	9,621	7,342	498,053	1,396,146_
4,234	24,007	2,157	1,645	86,283	9,790	7,471	502,530	1,374,831

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAXES LEVIED, COLLECTED AND OUTSTANDING For the Year Ended June $30,\,2024$

Ourand		Uncollected Balance &	Lawful Co	orrections	(Transfers to)	Balance
Grand List Year		New Levy July 1, 2023	Increases	Decreases	Recoveries From Suspense	to be Collected
2008		7,031		(6,755)	163	439
2009		15,099			487	15,586
2010		16,361			790	17,151
2011		14,898			1,164	16,062
2012		21,735			888	22,623
2013		34,286			592	34,878
2014		49,571			281	49,852
2015		73,687			2,718	76,405
2016		115,263			3,851	119,114
2017		149,322	410		6,501	156,233
2018		218,325	7,253	(78)	845	226,345
2019		335,904	9,088	(769)	(19,319)	324,904
2020		542,132	38,068	(3,137)	(15,893)	561,170
2021		1,145,274	46,571	(127,628)	(6,095)	1,058,122
Total	\$	2,738,888	101,390	(138,367)	(23,027)	2,678,884
2022	_	105,939,979	1,336,366	(700,998)	(3,293)	106,572,054
Total	\$_	108,678,867	1,437,756	(839,365)	(26,320)	109,250,938

	Uncollected			
		Lien		Balance
Taxes	Interest	Fees	Total	June 30, 2024
439	4,742	72	5,253	-
1,252	2,174	48	3,474	14,334
1,733	3,790	48	5,571	15,418
1,244	3,117	81	4,442	14,818
2,528	1,988	48	4,564	20,095
7,445	2,143	140	9,728	27,433
11,647	16,819	107	28,573	38,205
15,884	19,281	120	35,285	60,521
42,154	26,867	248	69,269	76,960
31,298	47,842	276	79,416	124,935
24,694	20,501	230	45,425	201,651
71,279	34,411	639	106,329	253,625
181,487	67,867	1,637	250,991	379,683
461,990	128,147	3,555	593,692	596,132
855,074	379,689	7,249	1,242,012	1,823,810
105,308,658	275,275	3,943	105,587,876	1,263,396
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
106,163,732	654,964	11,192	106,829,888	3,087,206

	_	General Purpose
Debt limitation:		
2 1/4 times base	\$	228,615,960
4 1/2 times base		
3 3/4 times base		
3 1/4 times base		
3 times base		
7 times base	_	
Total debt limitation	\$_	228,615,960
Indebtedness:		
Bonds payable	\$	
Bonds authorized and unissued	_	
Total indebtedness	\$	-
Less: School construction grants receivable	_	<u>-</u>
Total indebtedness of the City	\$_	-
Debt limitation in excess of outstanding and authorized debt	\$	220 645 060
authorized debt	» _	228,615,960

	ns (including interestled June 30, 2024	st and lien fees)		\$	106,829,888
Reimbursement for revenue loss on: Elderly Tax Relief - Freeze				-	
Base				\$_	106,829,888
Schools	Sewers	Urban Renewal	Pension Bonding		Total Debt
480,734,496	400,612,080	347,197,136	320,489,664		
					747,809,216
480,734,496	400,612,080	347,197,136	320,489,664		747,809,216
					<u>-</u>
-	-	-	-		-
					<u>-</u> .
480,734,496	400,612,080	347,197,136	320,489,664	= =	747,809,216